



St. Lucie County South County Beach & Dune Restoration Project - Mitigation Reef

Lessons Learned

**2016 FSBPA
National Conference
on
Beach
Preservation
Technology**

**Andrew Condon, Ph. D., P.E. – Project Engineer, Coastal Tech – G.E.C., Inc.
Richard Bouchard, P.E. - Senior Coastal Engineer – St. Lucie County Erosion District
Michael Walther, P.E., D.C.E. – Vice President, Coastal Tech – G.E.C., Inc.**

Overview

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- South County Beach and Dune Restoration Project
- Mitigation Reef Design and Permitting
- Initial 2013 Construction
- 2015 Construction
- Lessons Learned

Beach Fill – Project Purpose

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- R-98 to R-115 + 1,000 / Martin County Line

Beach Fill Project Purpose

- Offset historical erosion
- Restore recreational beach
- Provide storm protection to upland properties, and
- Restore coastal habitat



Beach Fill Project

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

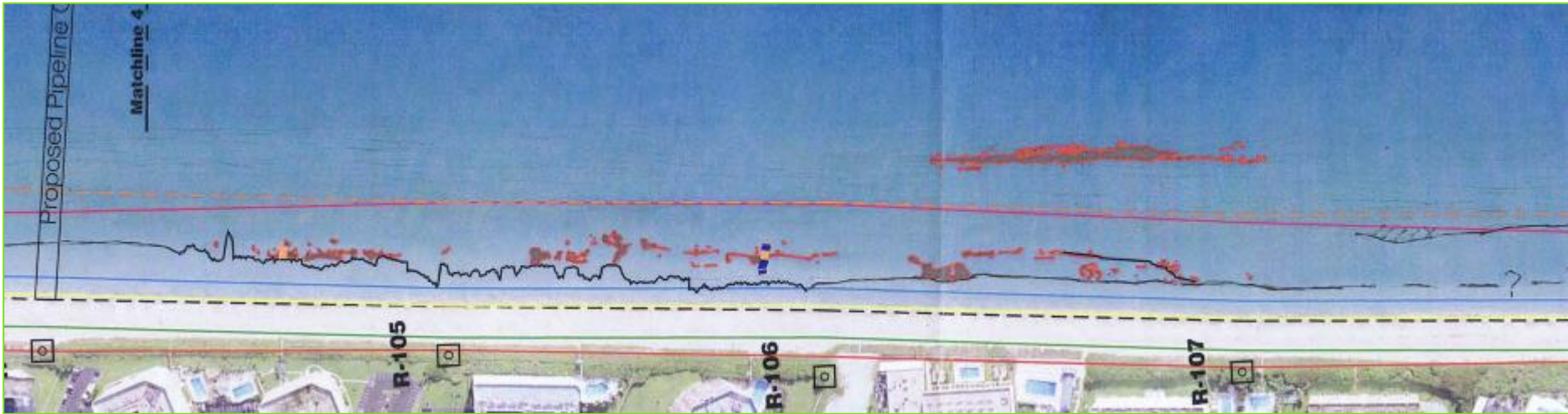
- Constructed
March to May 2013



- 635,164 cubic yards placed
over 3.3 miles of shoreline

Required Mitigation

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



Required Mitigation

- To offset burial of hardbottom and pipeline corridor impacts from beach fill
- Hardbottom Mapped in 2010 – via Diver-verified aerial photography
0.97 acres expected to be buried by beach fill
- FDEP UMAM analysis » 1.34 acres of mitigation reef required
- USACE/NOAA differing UMAM analysis » 1.89 acres of mitigation reef required

Reference: "Hardbottom Impacts: Bridging the Gap Between Science and Regulatory, A Case Study: South St. Lucie County Beach Restoration Project" by Kimberly Colstad and Lois Edwards – FSBPA Tech 2013

Targeted Site Criteria

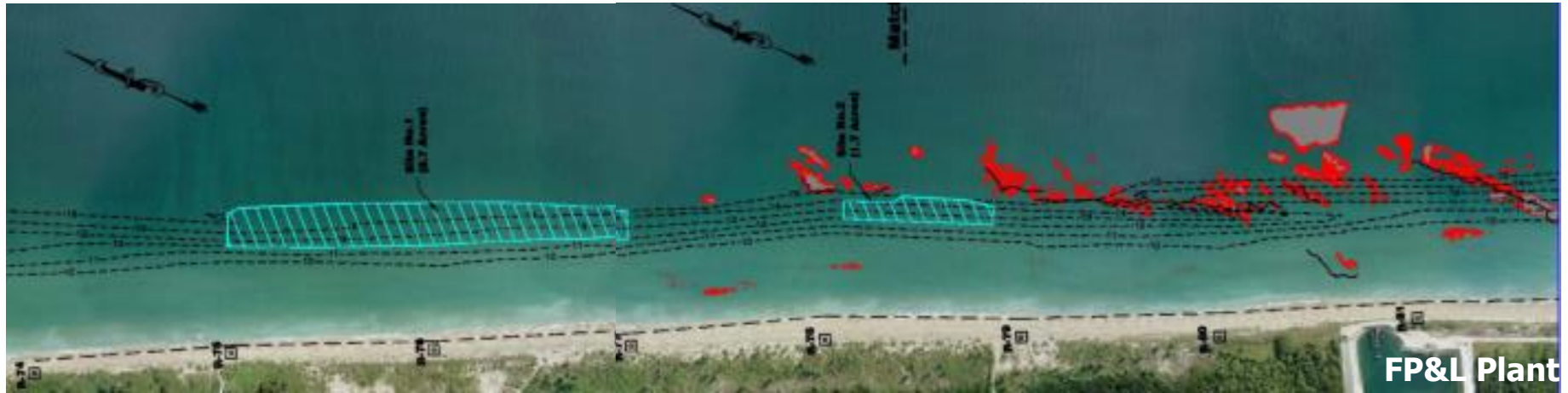
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- ≥ 15 meter (~ 50 ft) buffer between surrounding hardbottom
- Thin veneer of sand (≤ 2 ft) over rock substrate
 - for minimal settlement
- Within $\frac{1}{4}$ mile of County parks to facilitate public recreational use
- No historic resources
- \approx Near hardbottom impacts
 - to facilitate recruitment from impacted areas
- Water Depths at 10 to 16 feet
 - FDEP criteria

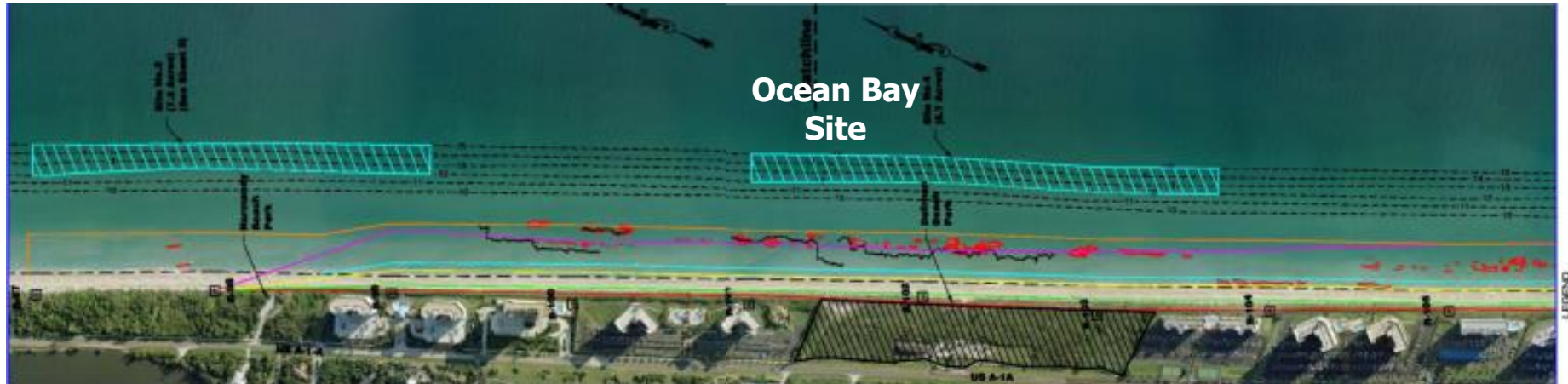


Investigated Sites

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



- 2011 surveys and jet probes
 - Only portion of Ocean Bay Site met all targeted FDEP site criteria
- NMFS later required more mitigation and water depths at 4 meters (13.1 ft)
 - Ocean Bay Site has insufficient area to meet all requirements



Initial Proposed Mitigation Reef Sites

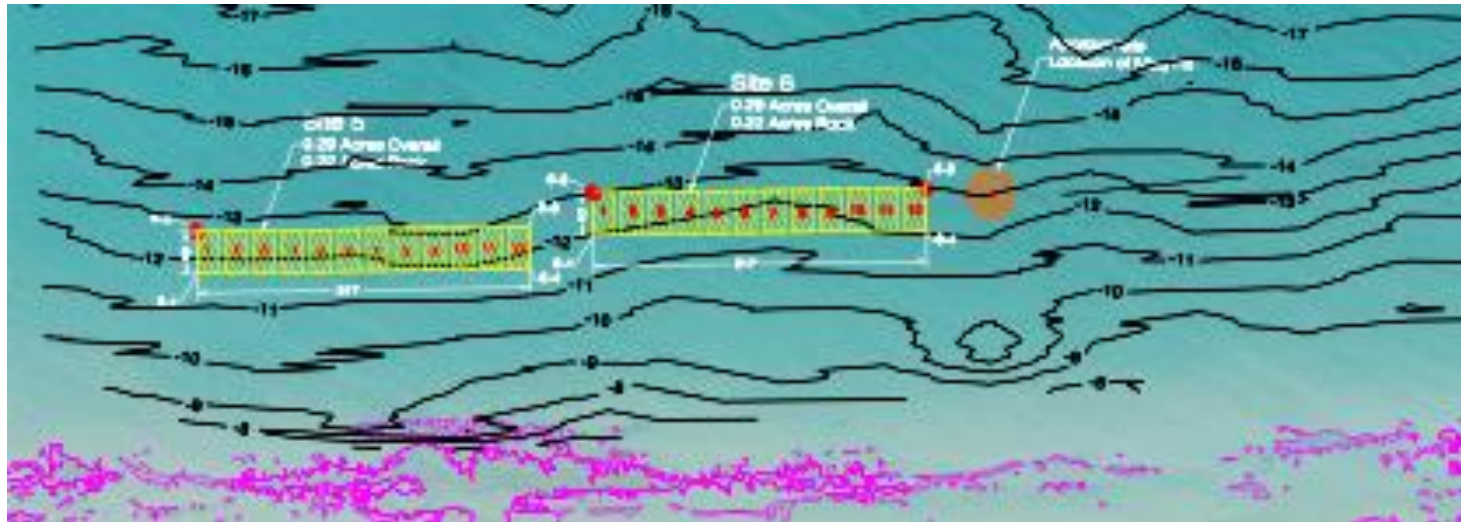
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



- Blind Creek site added (R-70 to R-73)
 - previously investigated by County for artificial reef program
 - » < 2 feet veneer
 - CTC-G.E.C. determined sand depth > 5 feet
- Geo-textile fabric
 - proposed to deter settlement

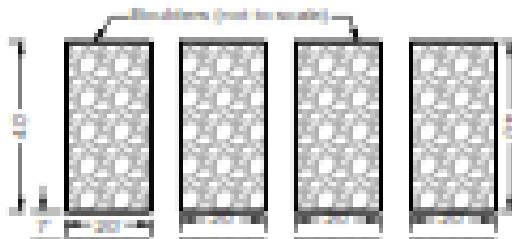
Initial Proposed Construction - Cells

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



Ocean Bay – 24 cells

Typical Plan View
Mitigation Reef Layout

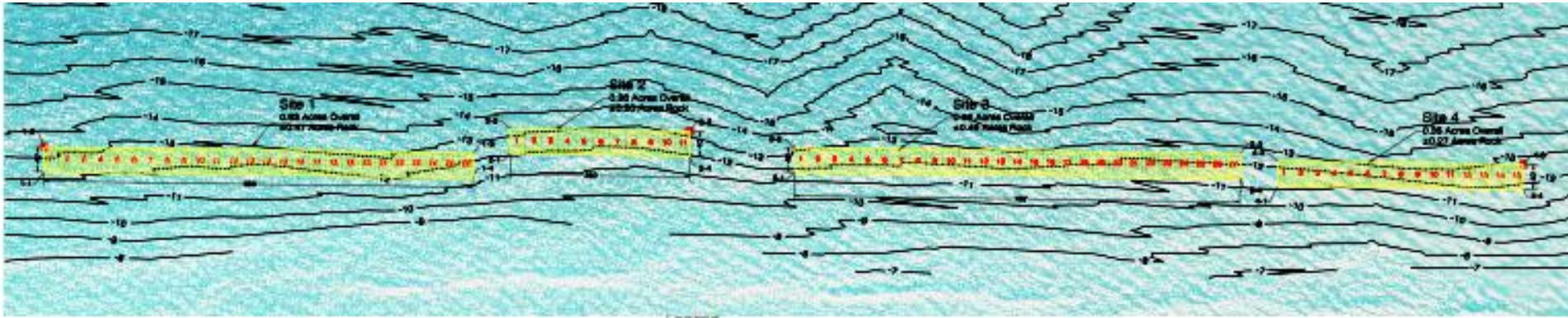


Typical Section A-A
Mitigation Reef Layout



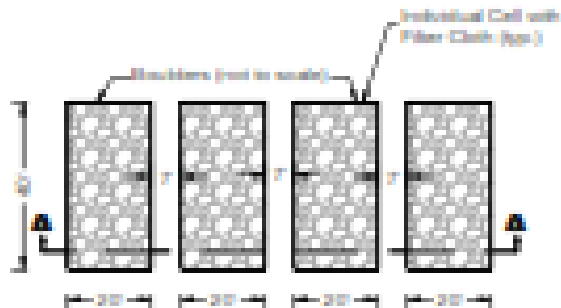
Initial Proposed Construction - Cells

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

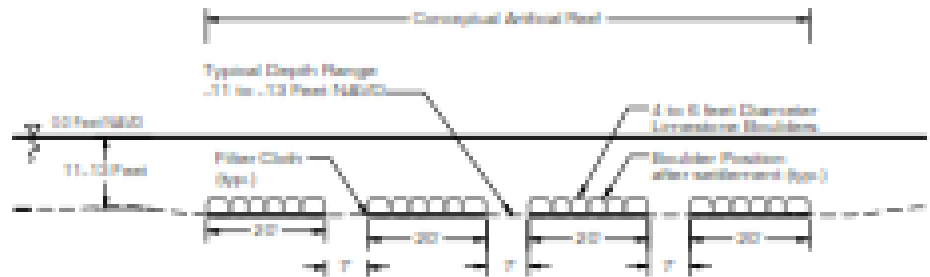


Blind Creek – 79 Cells

Typical Plan View
Mitigation Reef Layout



Typical Section A-A
Mitigation Reef Layout



Initial 2013 Construction

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



- September 19, 2012 - bids received
- October 2012 – Hurricane Sandy passes
- January 8, 2013 - NTP issued
- May 8, 2013 - Contractor delivered 1st load of rock to the Staging Area
- June 10, 2013 - 1st attempt to place rock

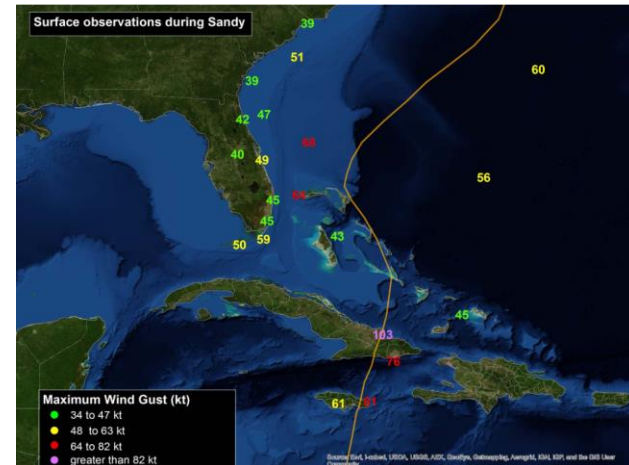
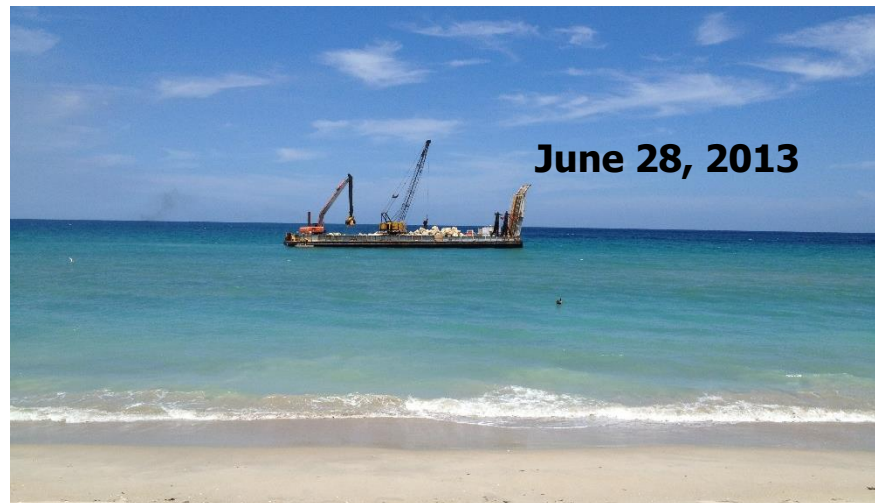


Changed Field Conditions

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



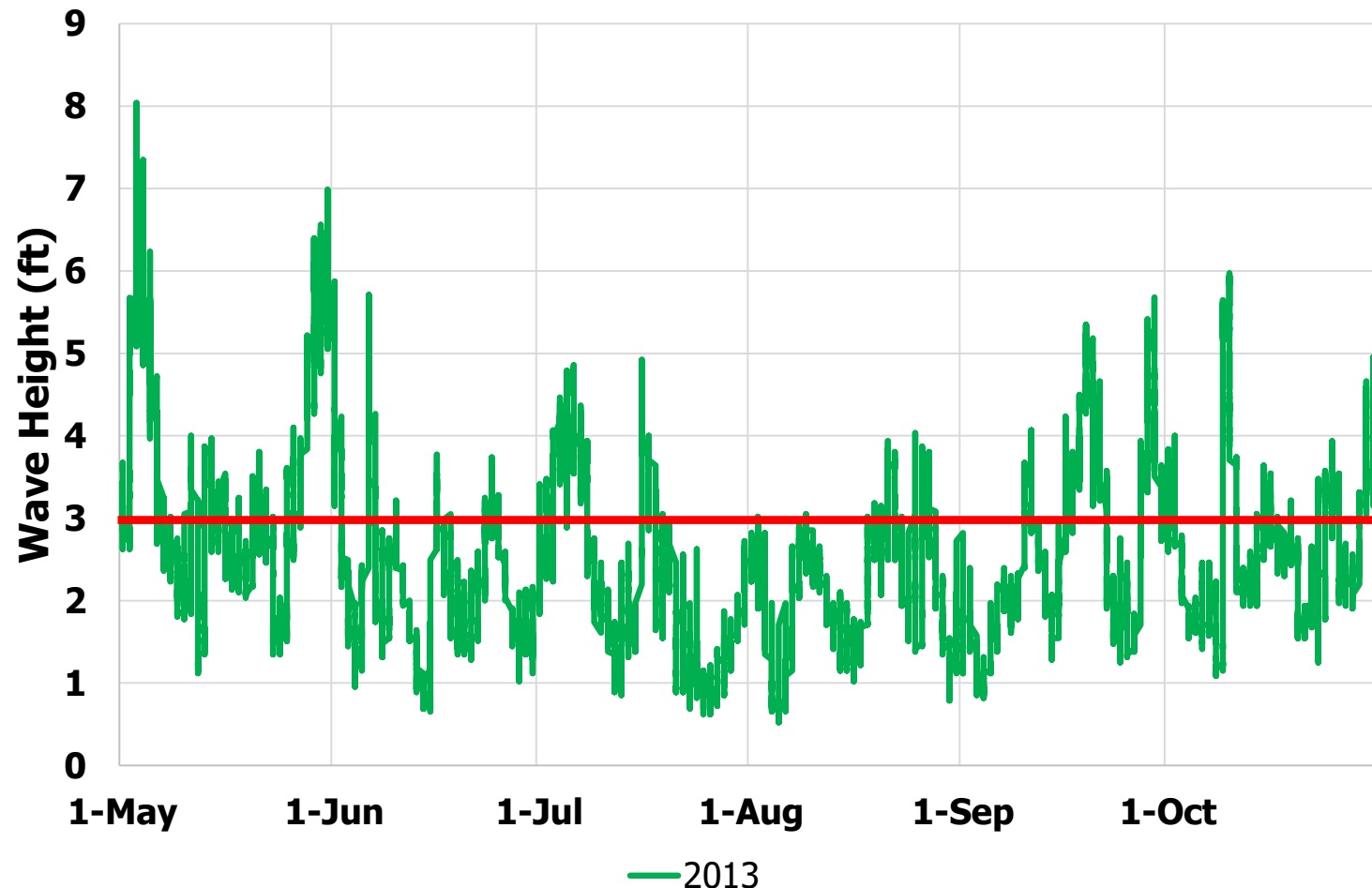
- October 5, 2012 survey depicted on construction plans
- Sand deposition \approx 2 feet
 - Attributed to Hurricane Sandy – changed water depths
- Filter cloth for all reef cells



Weather Delays – Sea Conditions

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

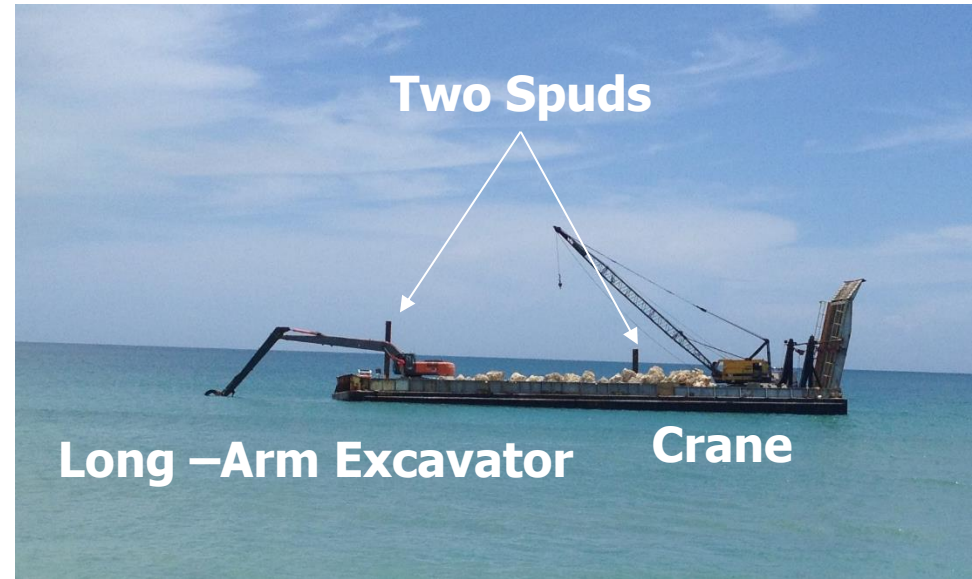
NDBC Station #41114 Significant Wave Height



Initial 2013 Construction Methods

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- Each Day:
 - Load rocks onto the barge at staging area and transport to reef
 - Locate next to target cell, lower welded frame w/ filter cloth into place w/ RTK guided crane
 - Rocks placed with long-arm excavator
 - Initially RTK on excavator used
 - Eventually diver assisted to position rocks
 - Completed ~ 0.35 acres over ~ 5 months



Barge and Tug



Initial 2013 Construction Deficiencies

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

Deficiencies

- Excessive spacing between rocks
 - Specs Required
 $1 \text{ ft} \leq \text{spacing} \leq 2 \text{ ft}$
- Filter cloth without rock
- Rocks not on filter cloth
- No remedy
- Insufficient Progress



Initial 2013 Construction - Termination

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- May 2014: St. Lucie County and the Contractor mutually agreed “that the Contract for construction of the Project shall be terminated for convenience”.
- Provisions for the County to keep and use the ~3,800 tons of rock and 61 pieces of filter cloth left at the staging area

2015 Construction Timeline

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

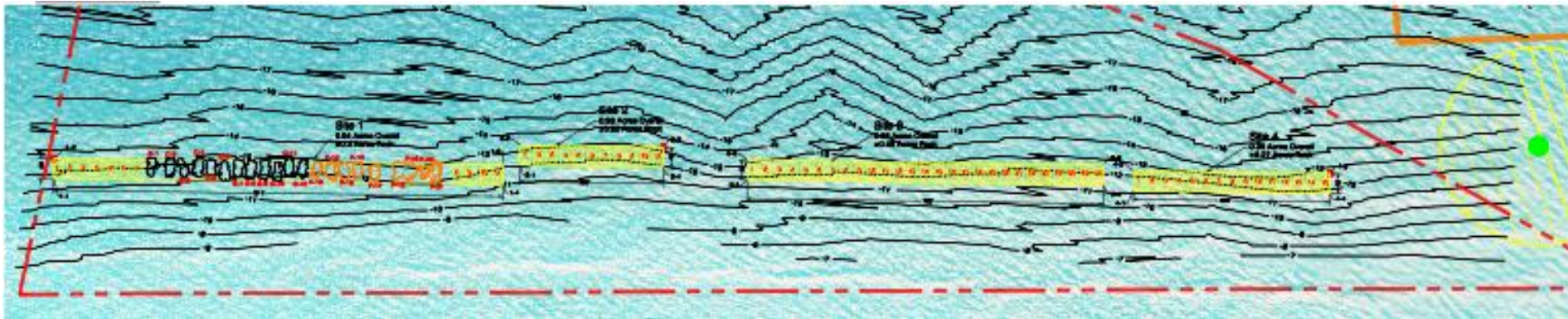


- May 20, 2014 – termination of original contractor
- August 2014 – County pre-qualifies contractors
- February 18, 2015 – Sole bid received
- June 1, 2015 – NTP issued
- June 4, 2015 - 1st rock placed / cell constructed
- July 18, 2015 – All cells completed

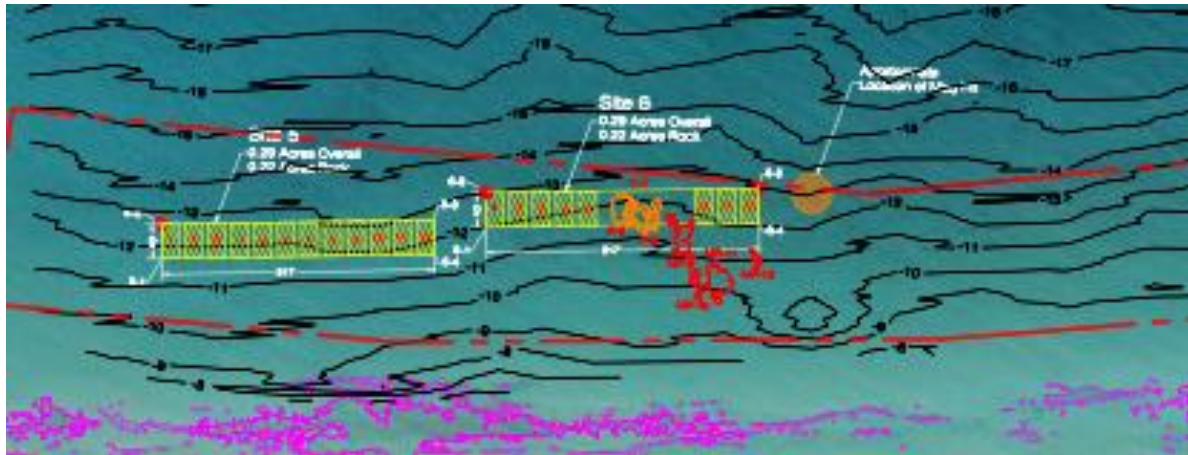


2015 Construction Plans

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



Blind Creek – 64 cells

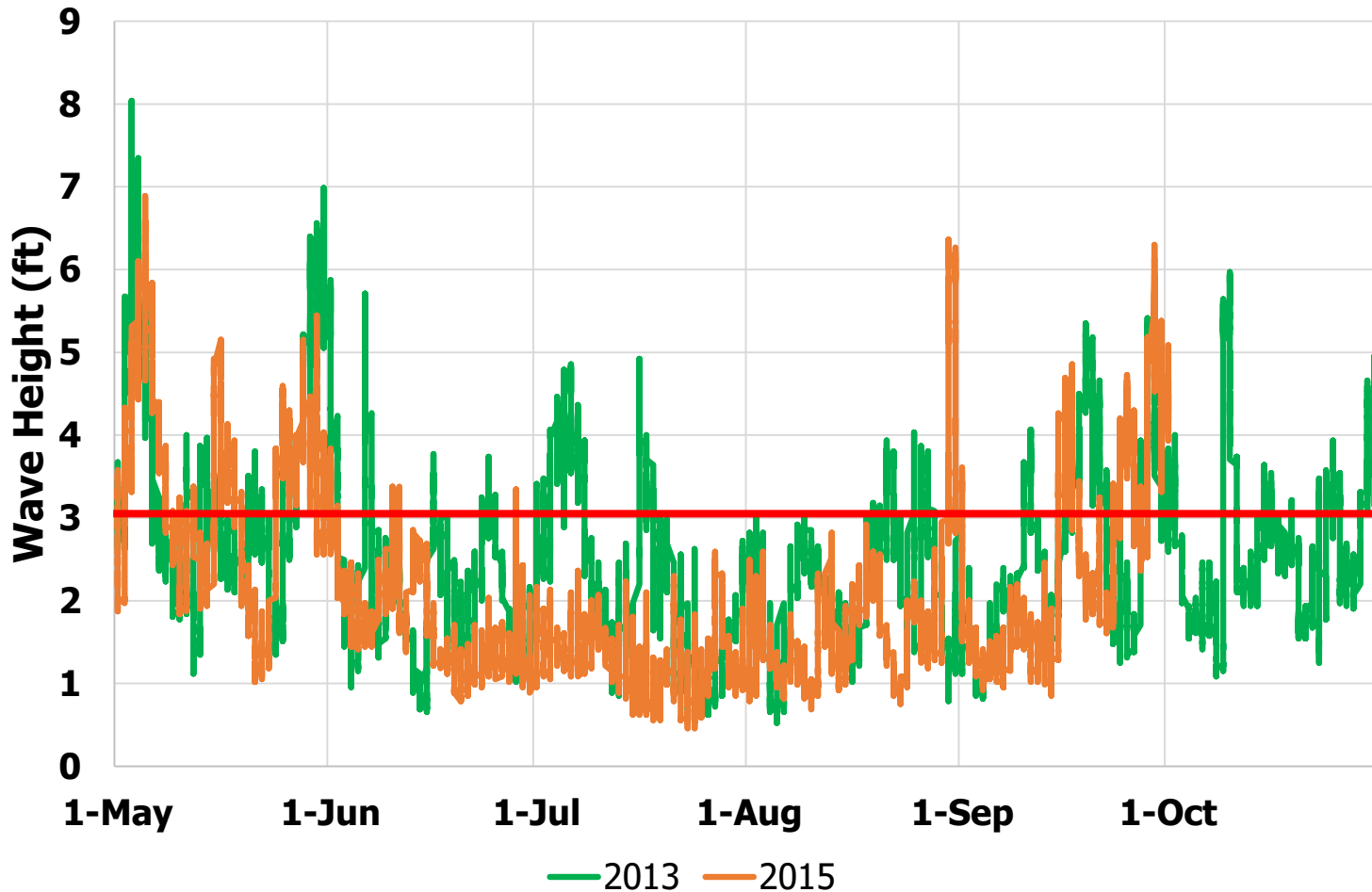


Ocean Bay - 20 cells

2015 Construction – Sea Conditions

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

NDBC Station #41114 Significant Wave Height



2015 Construction Methods

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- Every 3 – 4 days:
 - Load barge with approximately 500 tons of rock
- Each Day:
 - Transport divers/crew to reef site to meet barge
 - Locate target cell with RTK and place frame and filter cloth
 - Place rocks in water with crane – diver assisted
 - Remove frame and relocate barge



Heavy-Duty Filter Cloth Frame

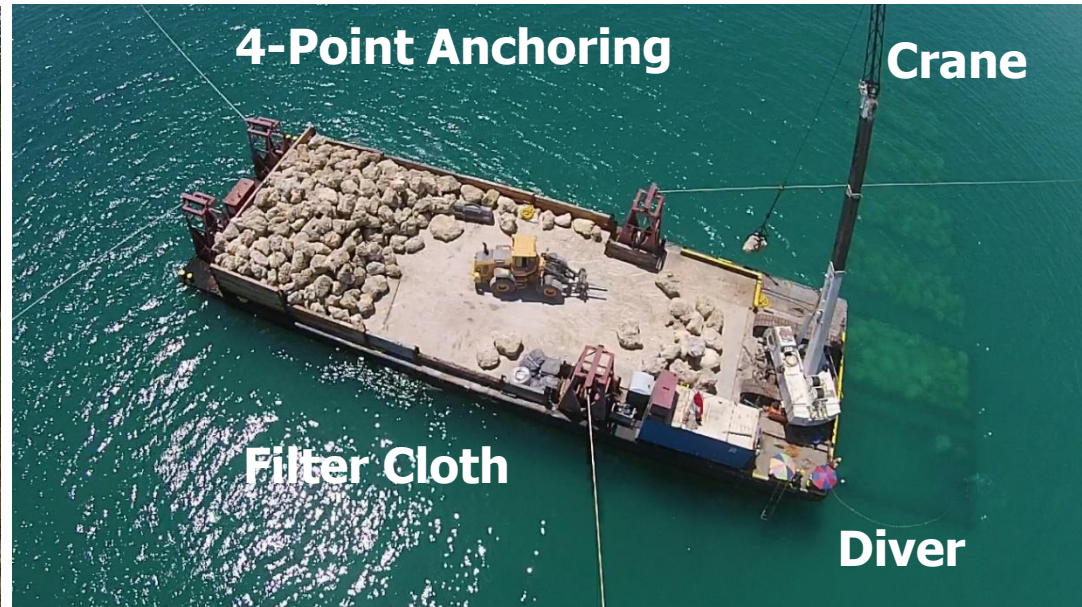


4-Point Anchoring

Crane

Filter Cloth

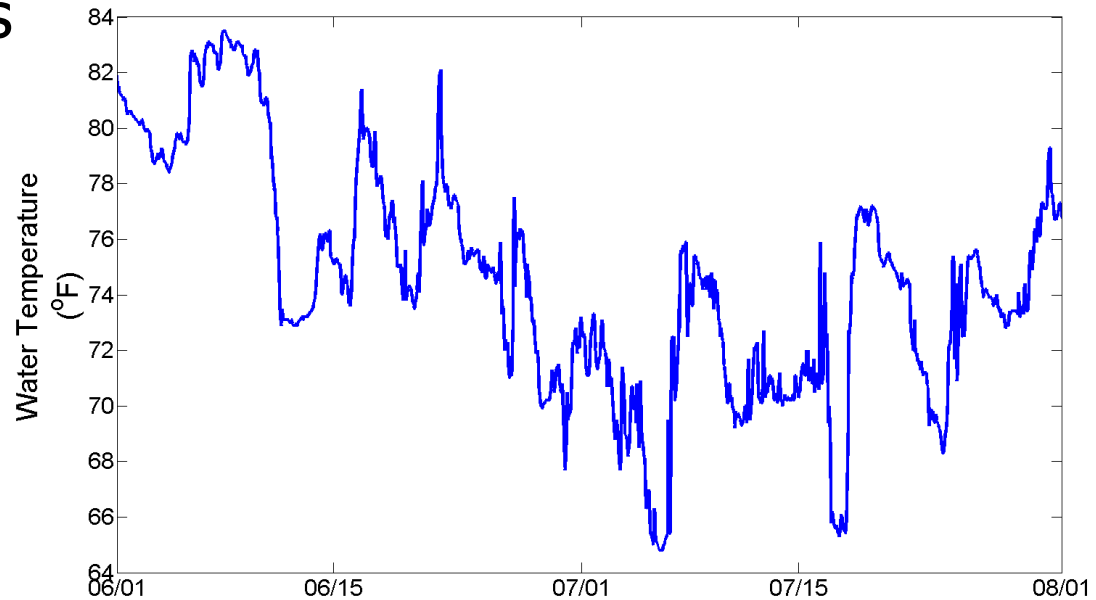
Diver



2015 Construction – Challenges

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- Changes to site conditions
- Relocation of cells
- Snakes and scorpions
- Cold water upwelling!
- All minor issues
 - Minimal delays

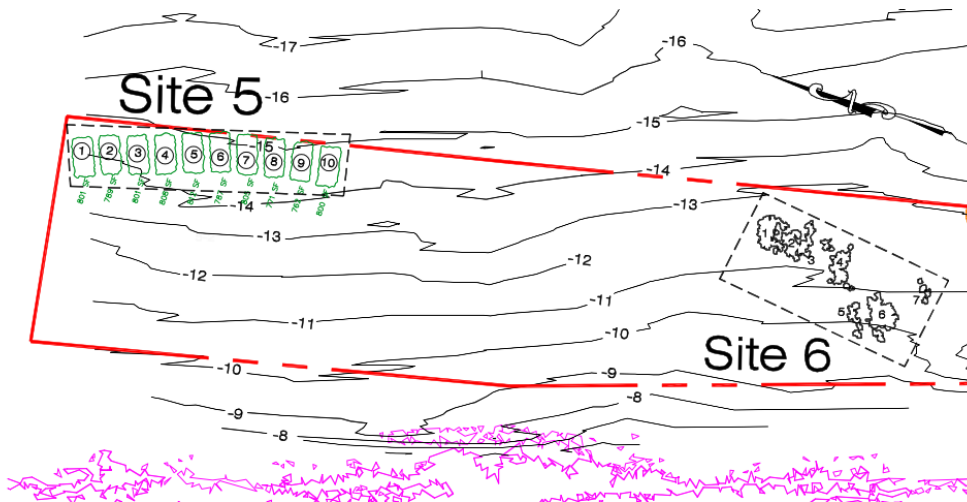
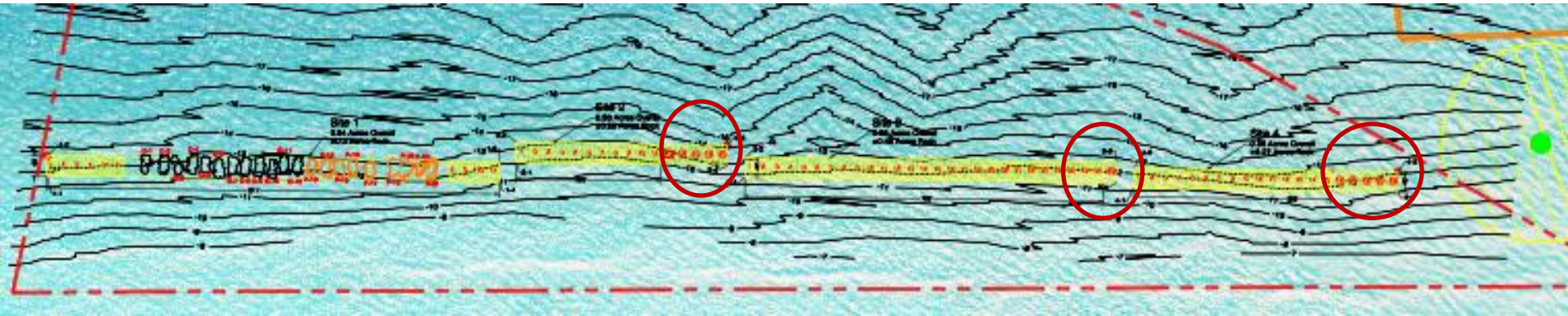


Courtesy of CheckTheWaves
Jensen Beach, Martin County

2015 Construction - Field Revisions

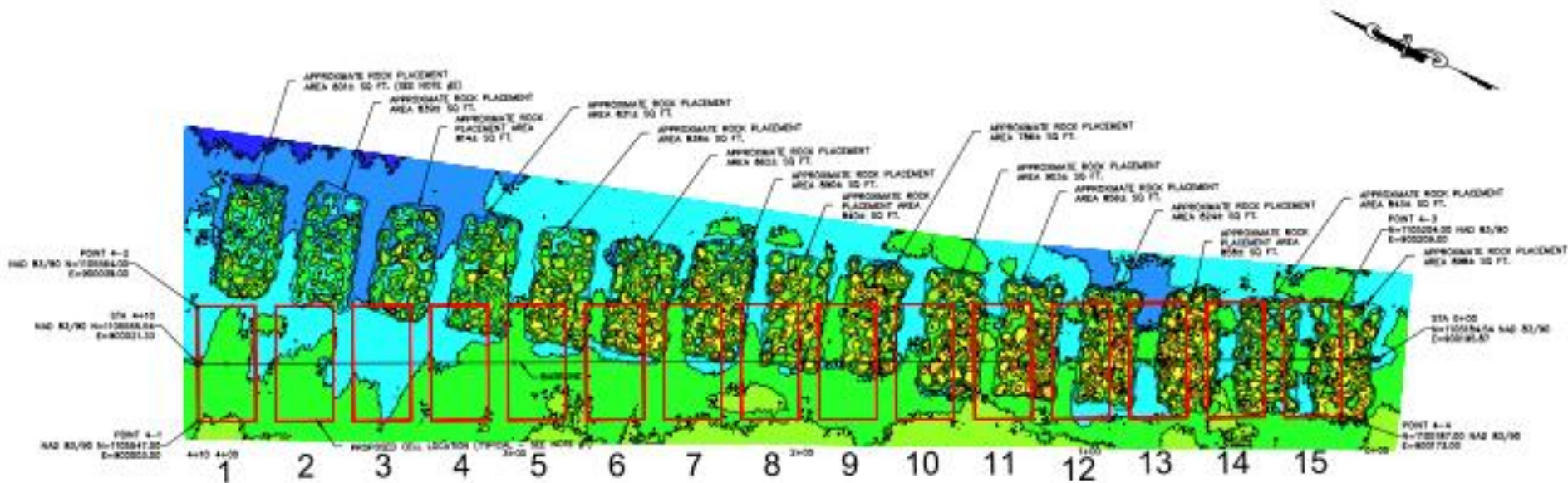
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

Blind Creek – 74 cells



Ocean Bay – 10 cells

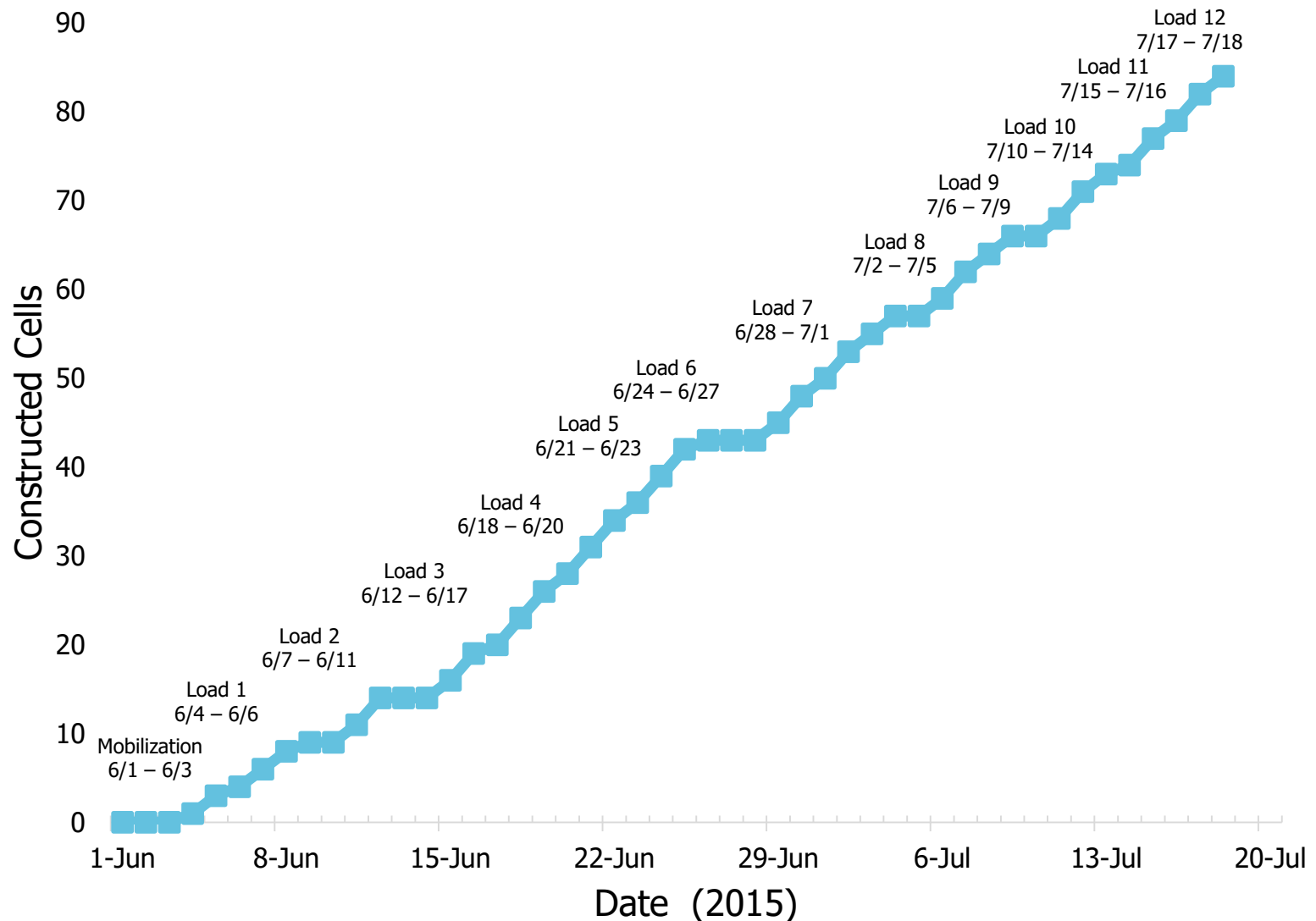
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



Number	Minimum Deviation	Maximum Deviation	Color
1	-16,800	-13,000	Blue
2	-15,800	-14,000	Blue
3	-14,800	-13,000	Blue
4	-13,800	-12,000	Green
5	-12,800	-9,800	Green
6	-11,800	-10,000	Yellow
7	-10,800	-8,000	Yellow
8	-9,800	-8,000	Orange
9	-8,800	-7,000	Orange
10	-7,800	-6,000	Red

2015 Construction - Completion

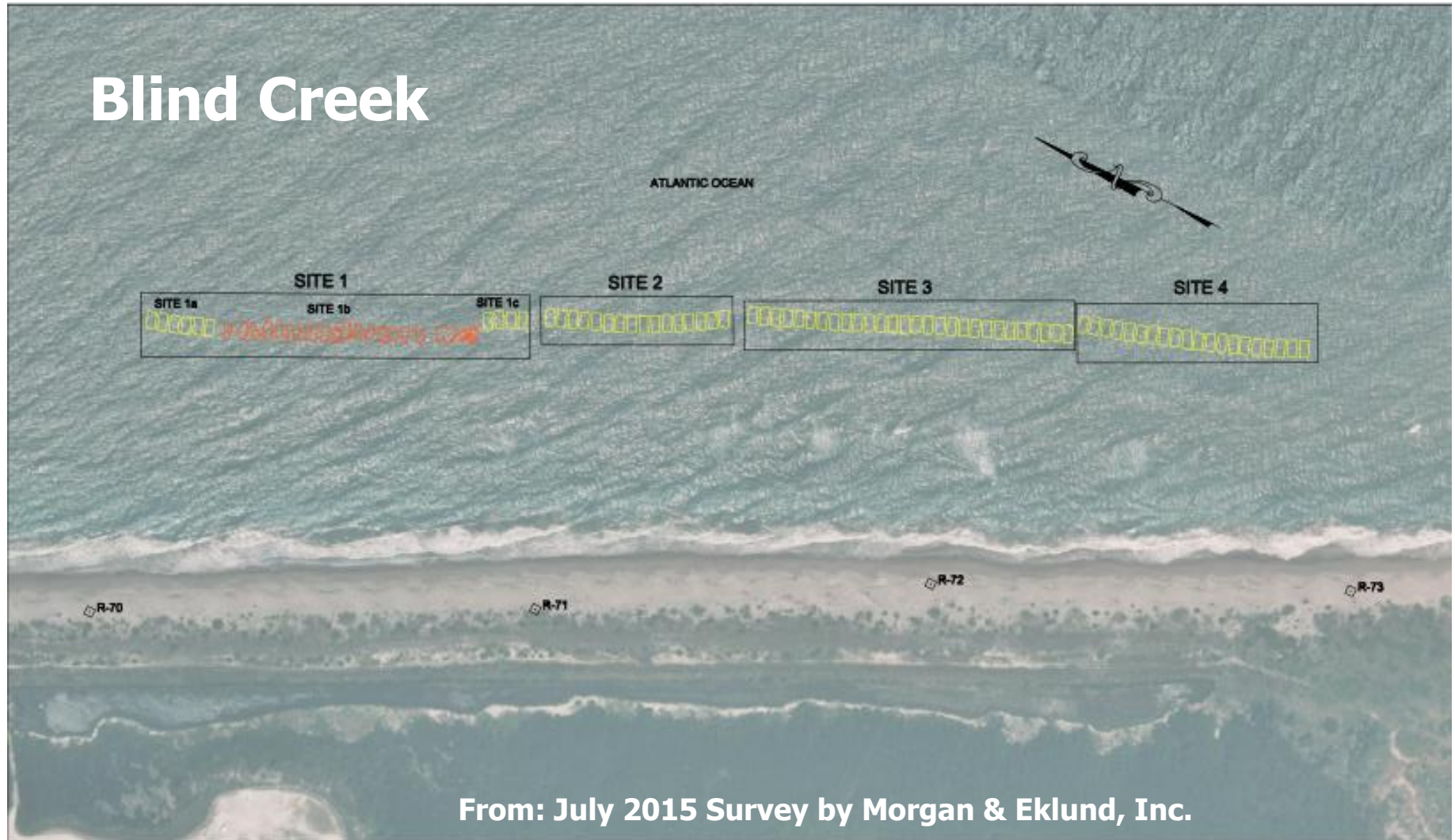
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



2015 Construction - Completion

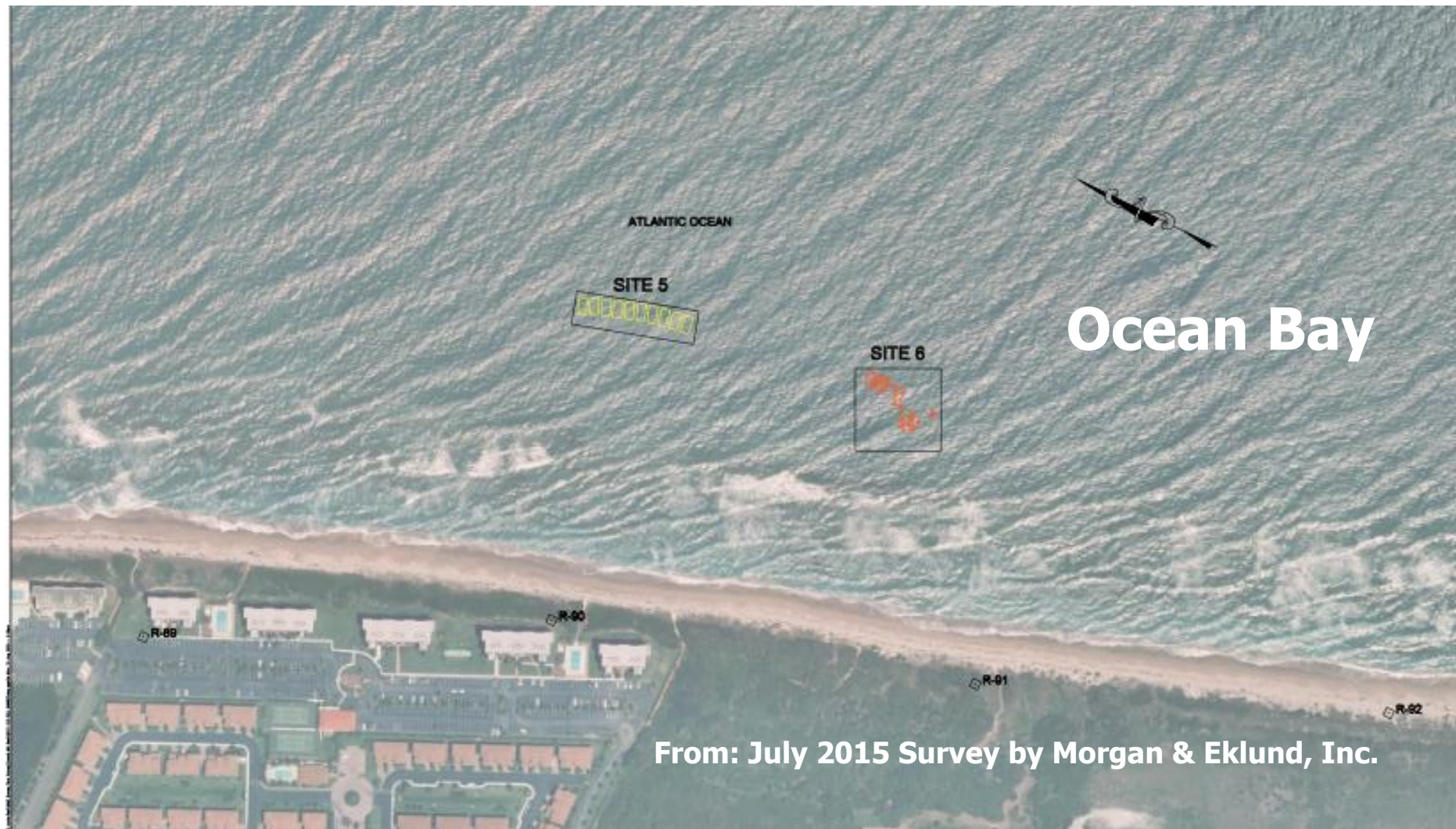
South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

Blind Creek



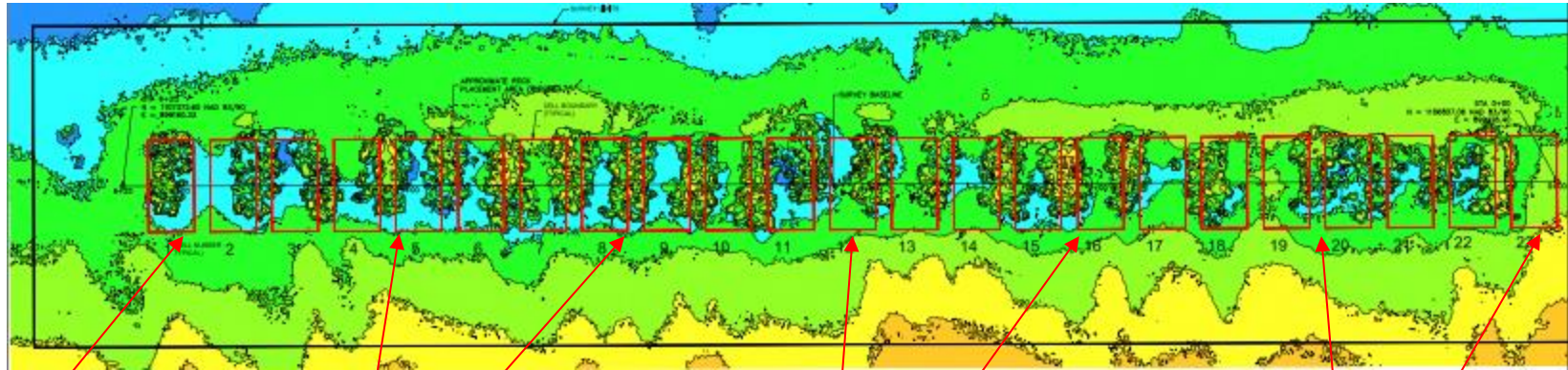
2015 Construction - Completion

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



2015 Construction – Filter Cloth

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

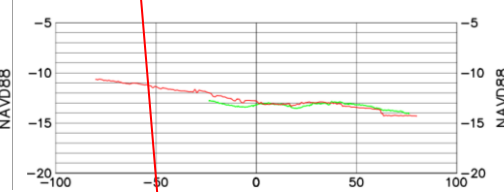
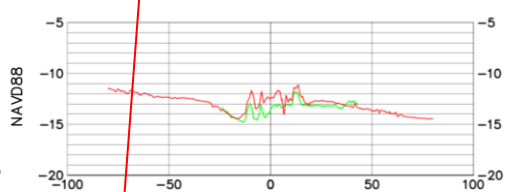
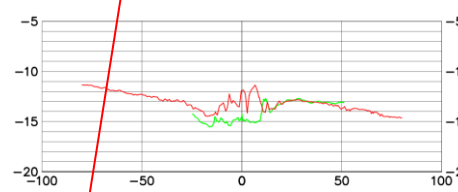
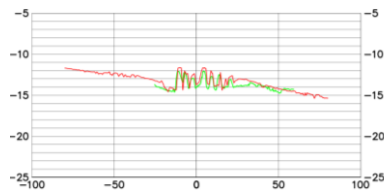


6+10

4+10

2+10

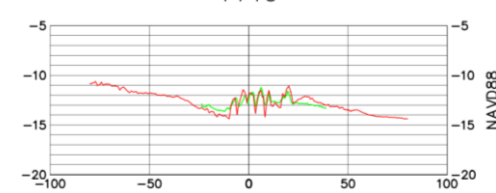
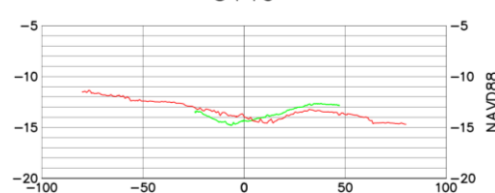
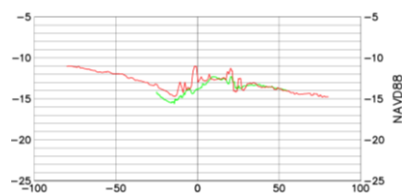
0+10



5+10

3+10

1+10



2015 Construction Field Survey

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef



Photos from
CSA
Ocean Sciences



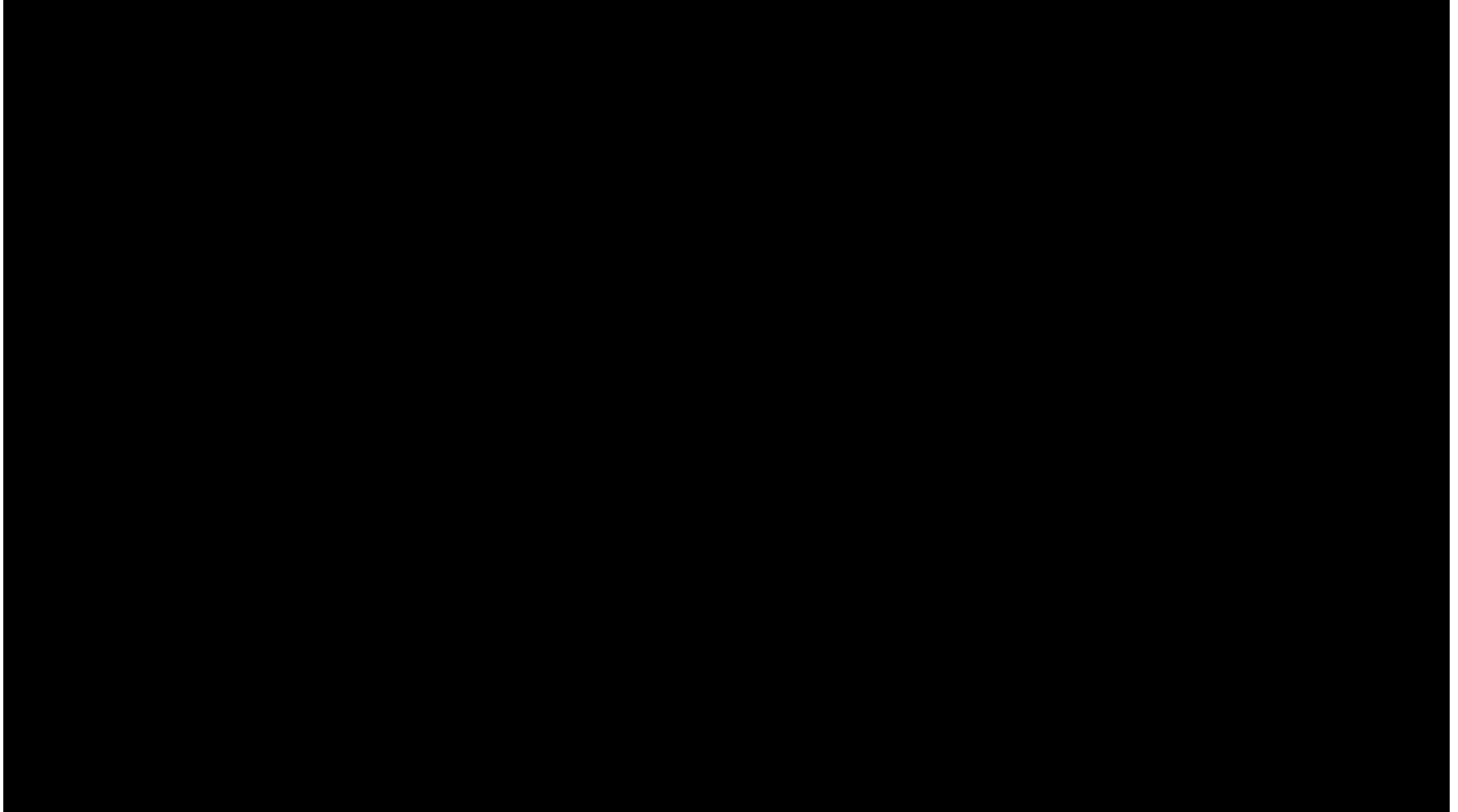
Lessons Learned

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- Anticipate differing USACE and FDEP criteria
- Lowest qualified bidder is not always the best
 - ~3% difference in initial bids – between original and final contractors
- Provide for changed site conditions
- Construction methodology can lead to success (or failure)
 - In-water divers and communication are crucial
 - Coordinate site visits with Contractor – to facilitate construction
- Filter cloth posed challenges, but appears successful
- Good luck (and weather) never hurts



Video – Provided By St. Lucie County



Thank You

Questions?

acondon@coastaltechcorp.com



Local Firm....National Reach

END

Original Beach Fill Project Area

South County Beach & Dune Restoration – Mitigation Reef

- Consisted of 2 segments:
 - R-87.7 to R-90.3 and
 - R-98 to the SLC/MC line (R-115+1000)
 - COBRA Zones between segments and to north and not critically eroded
- North Segment deleted in Dec. 2011 due to HB impacts and condos opted out of project

