

Sebastian Inlet

South Shoreline Rehabilitation Project

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Plan Design Enable



Sebastian Inlet State Park

- Picnicking, birding, non-motorized boat launch, and fishing



History of Erosion at Coconut Point

- Coconut Point is a manmade peninsula
- Previous stabilization methods have had marginal success





Coconut Point Phase I



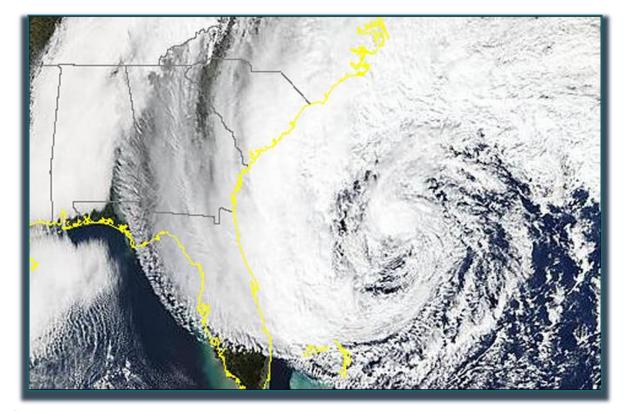
Before

- Construction was completed in October 2012
- Phase II was deferred until 2013



After

Superstorm Sandy



October 26, 2012

- Winds at the Park of 40 mph
- 3 days of extreme high tides

Damage Threatening Infrastructure



Damage Threatening Infrastructure



Project Areas

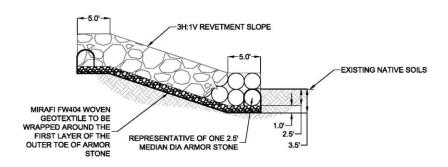
Legend

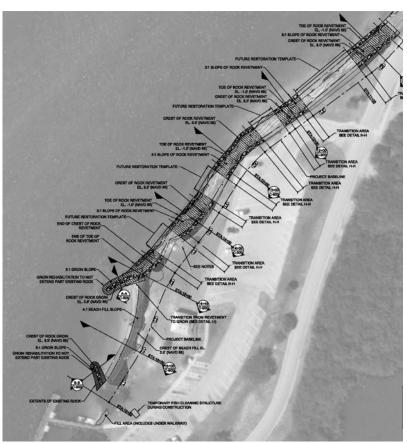
- Revetment Area
- Beach Area
- Launch Area
- Walkway Area



Revetment Area Design Approach

- Land-based construction methods
- Earthwork
- Geosynthetic fabric
- Bedding stones
- Armor stones





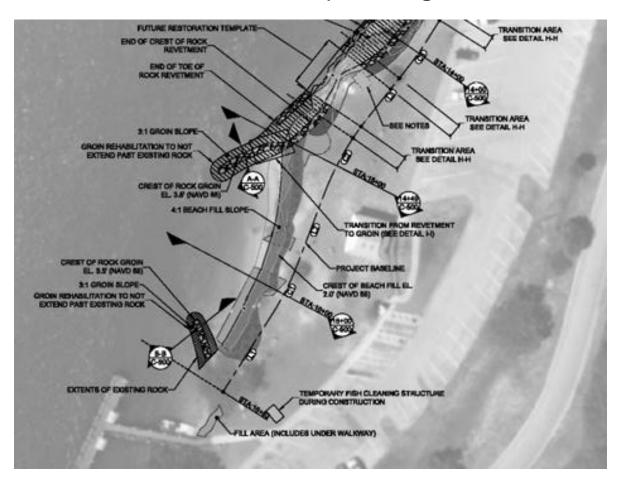
Revetment Area Design Approach

- Limestone revetment toe in the intertidal zone provides habitat for:
 - Natural recruitment of mangroves
 - Crabs
 - Invertebrates
 - Fish



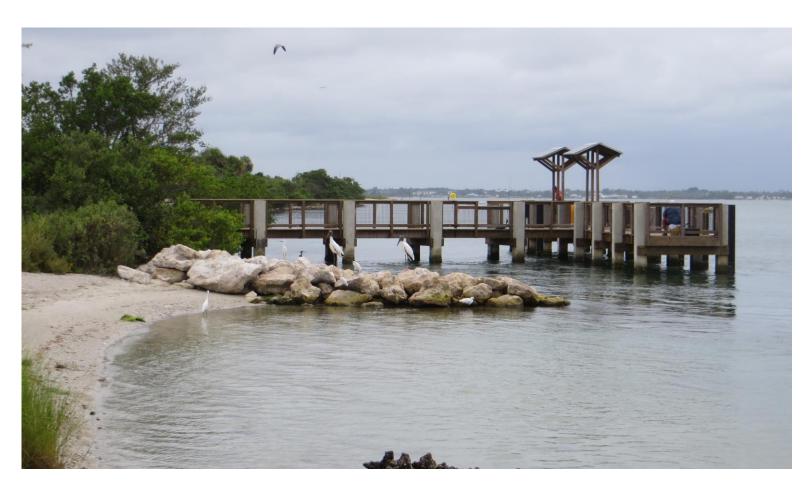
Beach Area Design Approach

 Existing groins were augmented to provide enhanced protection against wave action while still providing a natural beach area



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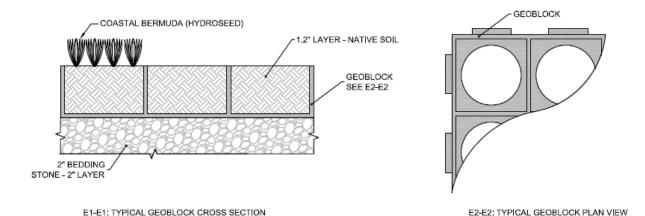
Launch Area Design Approach

Articulated block mattresses were installed in two areas



Walkway Area Design Approach

- Install geoblock in designated walkways
- Repair existing geoweb cellular confinement material





Walkway Area Design Approach

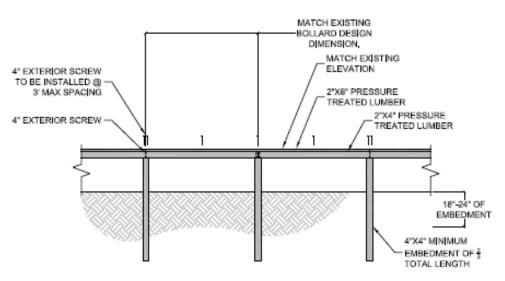
 Vegetated shoreline helps keep Sebastian Inlet State Park as natural as possible and blends with existing vegetation

- Marsh hay cord grass
- Railroad vine
- Beach morning glory



Walkway Area Design Approach

- Stabilization of designated access corridors with geoblock material containing native vegetation
- Installation of bollard fencing





G-G: TYPICAL BOLLARD SECTION

ATKINS

Permitting:

St. Johns River Water Management District

-U.S. Army Corps of Engineers



Contractor: Dickerson Florida, Inc.

• Construction: Start - July 2013

Completed - October 2013.

- Project cost: \$307,500
- Permit Compliance & Construction Administration:



• Partnership:





Quality Control of Armor Stones



Sand source: Boat Ramp



Traditional armoring



NIXIV

Launch Area



After

Before



Designated Walkway Area





Before After



- Native planting
 - Superior Waterways



October 2013 Storms

- Strong north winds uprooted many immature plantings
- High water levels due to a combination of high tides and storm surge scoured material covering the geoweb



Dredge Material Management Area

- Component of the comprehensive inlet management strategy
- Construction completed July 2011
- Provides short-term location for dewatering and storing up to 28,000 cubic yards of excavated sand



Lessons Learned



Acknowledgements







Questions? Thank You!

