

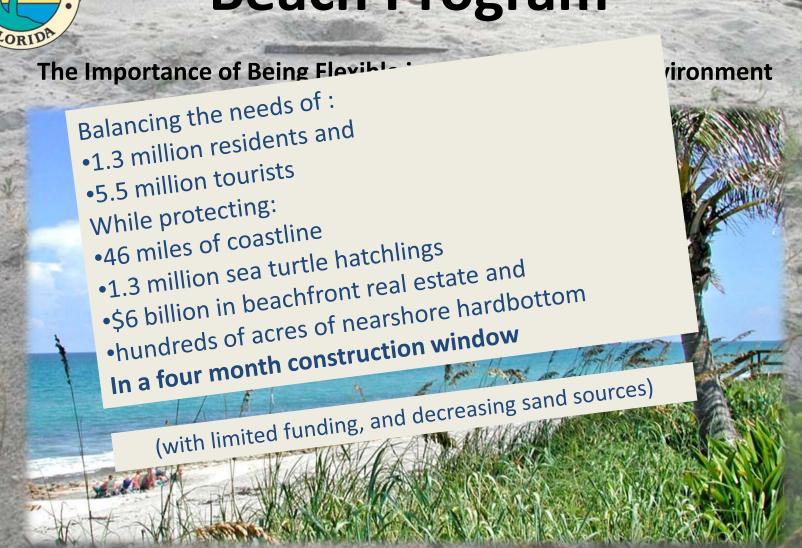
Palm Beach County's Beach Program

The Importance of Being Flexible in an Ever-Changing Environment

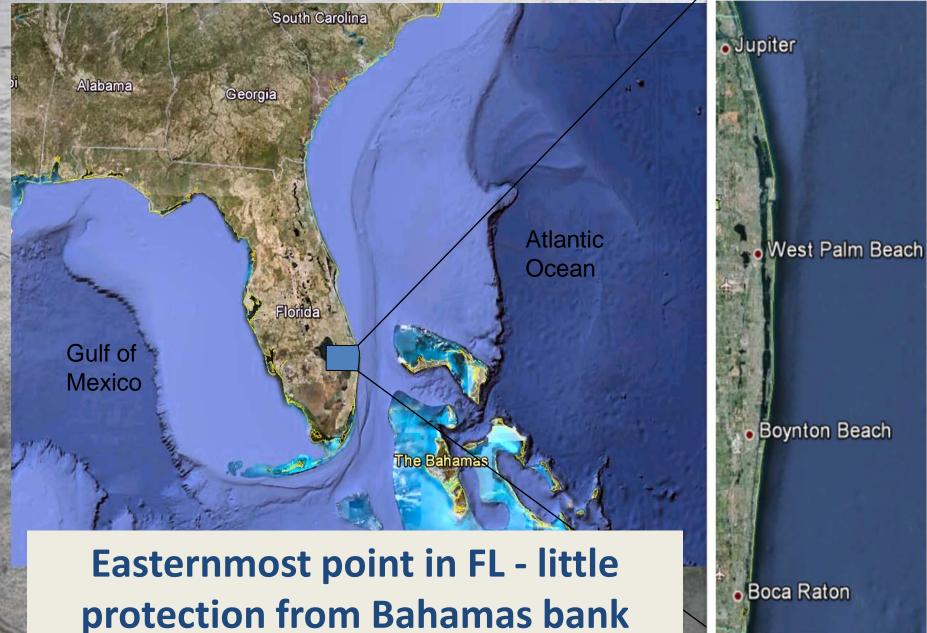




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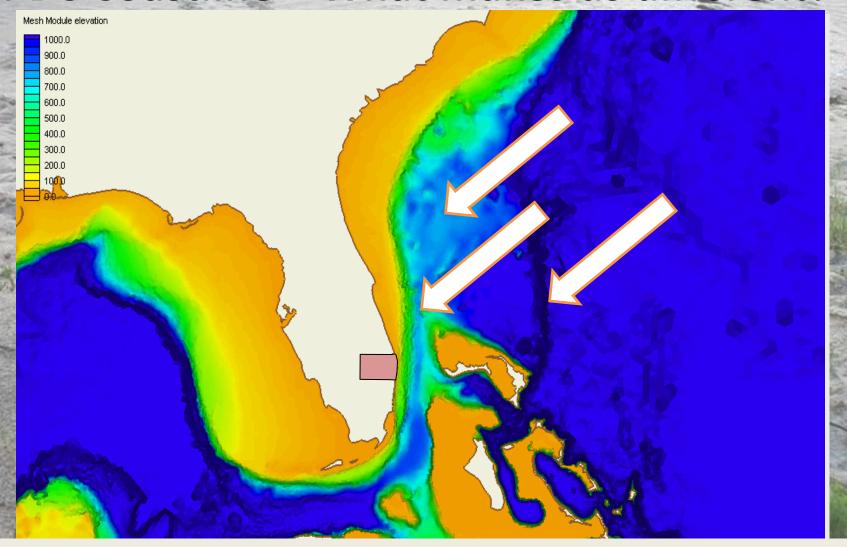


PBC Coastline - What makes us different?



HAP

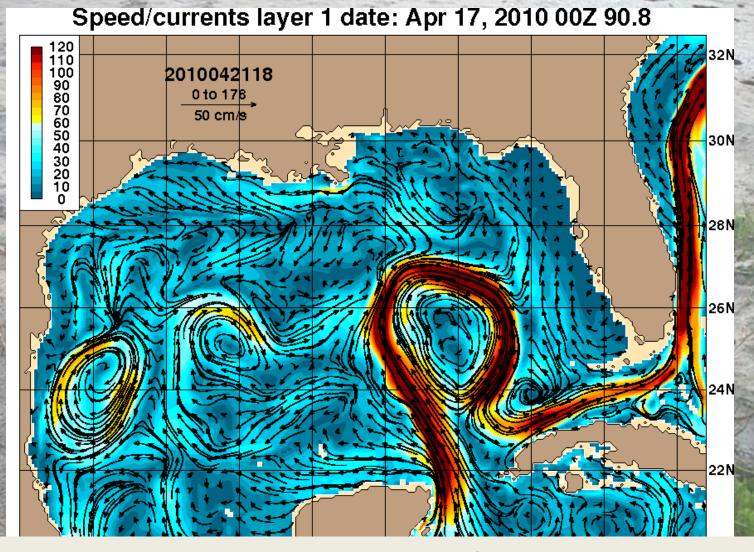
PBC Coastline - What makes us different?



Very narrow Continental shelf – little protection from wind and waves out of the Northeast



PBC Coastline - What makes us different?



Easternmost point in FL – Gulf Stream current practically "kisses" the shoreline

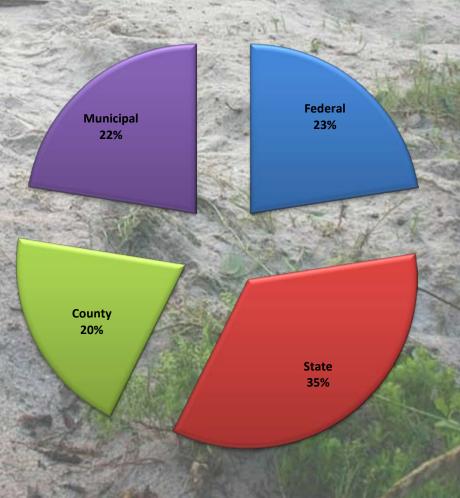
Palm Beach County's Shore Protection Program

- 46 miles of coastline
- 31 miles critically eroded
- 26 miles publicly accessible
- How do we decide where to use limited funding and resources?
- A project is eligible for local funding only if it can pass the "three question exam"



Palm Beach County's Shore Protection Program

- County-wide cost of maintaining the beaches averages \$10 million per year
- Funding sources include
 - County (TDC)
 - State (DEP)
 - Federal (USACE, FEMA)
 - Local municipalities





Countywide Beach Projects PB Reach 1 (Inlet/STP disposal Shoreline Projects Type **Dune Restoration** Inlet Bypassing Nourishment Structures Critically Eroded Coastline **Public Parks** DEP Reference Monument 0.5 5 Miles

Inlet Sand Bypass

400,000 c.y. of sand is mechanically bypassed at inlets annually



Jupiter Inlet Sand Trap Dredging



South Lake Worth Inlet Sand Transfer Plant

4 Inlets in Palm Beach County
(Jupiter, Lake Worth, South Lake Worth, Boca)
All covered by State approved Inlet
Management Plans

Dune Restoration





Coral Cove Dune Restoration – January 2013

15 miles of shoreline have been restored with dune fill

Coral Cove, Jupiter, Singer Island, Palm Beach, Lake Worth, South Palm Beach, Gulfstream, Delray Beach, Boca Raton

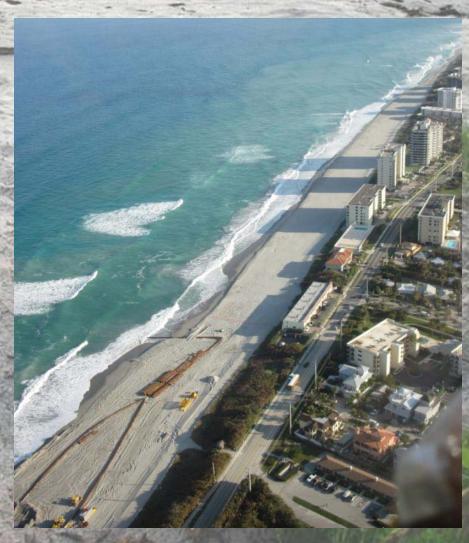


Beach Nourishment



18 miles of shoreline managed with beach fill

Jupiter/Carlin, Juno, Palm Beach Midtown and Phipps, Ocean Ridge, Delray Beach, Boca Raton North, Central, and South





Erosion Control Structures

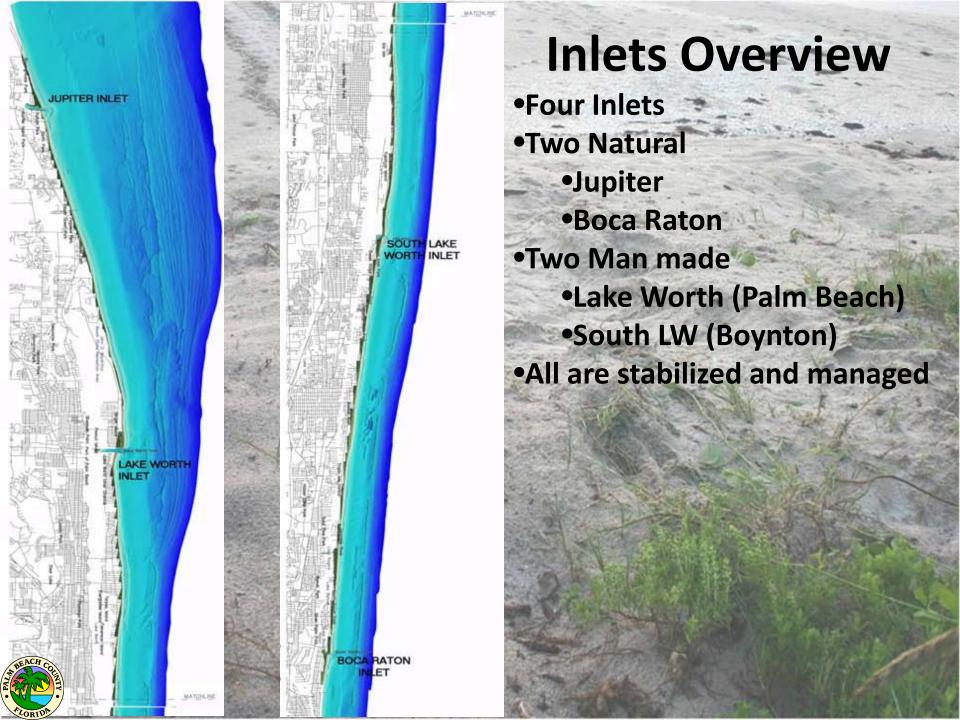


T-head and straight groins used sporadically throughout County

Shore parallel breakwaters designed for Singer Island and South Palm Beach but not permitted









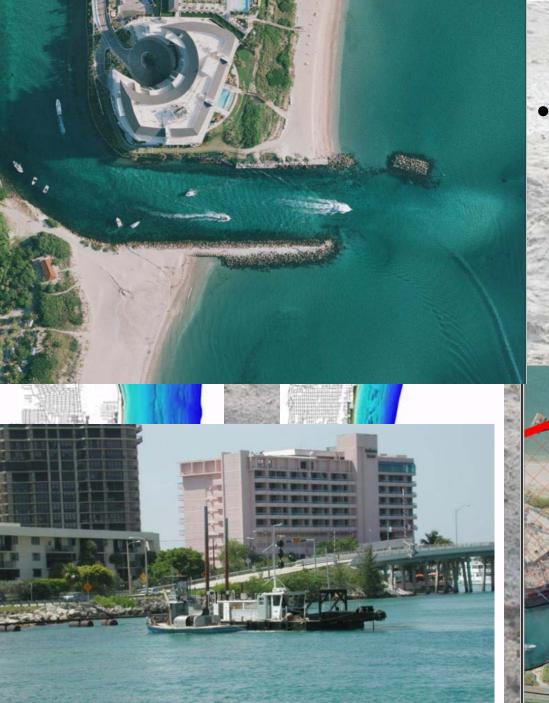


Inlets Overview

- •Lake Worth Inlet
 - Managed by ACOE
 - •Stabilized in 1918
 - Average bypassing 170,000cy/yr
 - •includes STP, settling basin, and harbor maintenance







Inlets Overview

- Boca Inlet
 - •Managed by City of Boca Raton
 - Natural Inlet
 - •Continuous maintenance since 1972
 - •Ebb Shoal dredged every 5-6 yrs
 - Average bypassing 100,000 cy/yr
 - Includes inlet and ebb shoal



- Coral Cove
- Jupiter/Carlin
- Juno Beach
- Singer Island
- •Palm Beach
- South Palm Beach
- Ocean Ridge
- Delray Beach
- Boca Raton





Coral Cove



Dune restoration completed in 1993, 2005, 2013



- Jupiter Carlin
 - •Federal Project first built in 1995







Jupiter Carlin



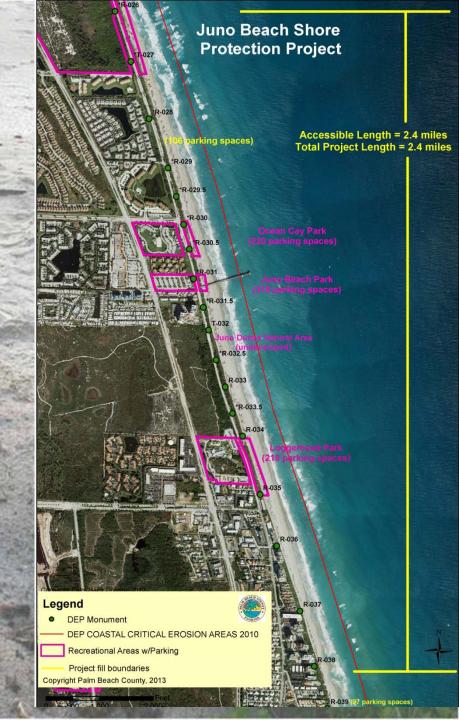
Post construction 2002



Storm damage to Jupiter Beach Park following TS Andrea (2007)



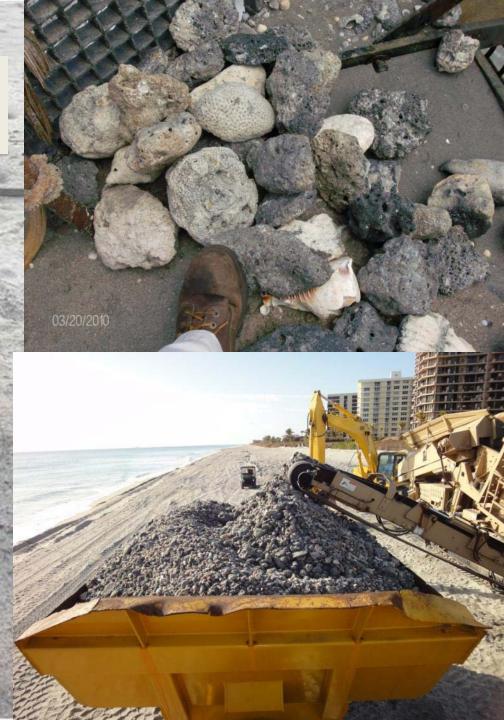
- Juno Beach
 - •County-sponsored project built in 2000 and 2010







- •Juno Beach
 - •County-sponsored project built in 2000 and 2010
 - Approximately 3% of the material dredged in 2010 was not beach compatible
 - •Rocks were screened from beach post project





- Singer Island
 - Easternmost point in County
 - •8 dune restorations in 10 years



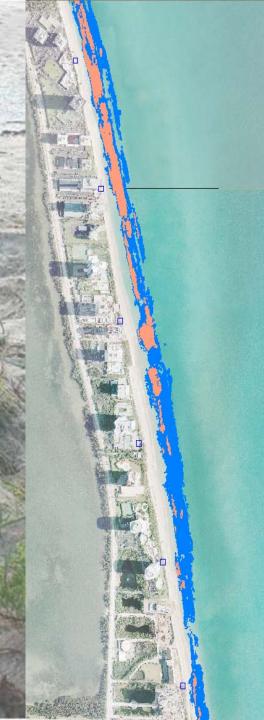


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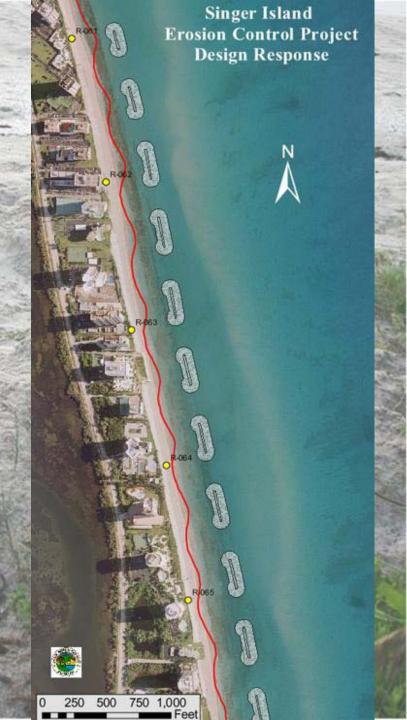


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 - Easternmost point in County
 - •8 dune restorations in 10 years
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 - •Extensive nearshore hardbottom means beach nourishment is not a viable option





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 - Designed a breakwater project to control erosion, but could not overcome permitting obstacles





- Singer Island
 - Easternmost point in County
 - •8 dune restorations in 10 years
 - Designed a breakwater project to control erosion, but could not overcome permitting obstacles
 - •Result will be a mile-long seawall throughout project area





•Palm Beach

- •The Town manages their own beach program, but has interlocal agreements and municipal partnerships with the County
- Town is divided into eight segments or "reaches"









- South Palm Beach
 - •Six dune restorations completed since 2003
 - •Some don't last more than a few months





- South Palm Beach
 - •Six dune restorations completed since 2003
 - •Like Singer Island, area has extensive nearshore hardbottom





South Palm Beach

- Six dune restorations completed since 2003
- •Like Singer Island, area has extensive nearshore hardbottom
- Breakwater projectdesigned but not permitted
- •EIS in process to determine erosion control solution





- Ocean Ridge
 - •Federal Project, restored in 1998, 2005, and planned for 2013





Ocean Ridge

- •Federal Project, restored in 1998, 2005, and planned for 2013
- •Groin field south of inlet holds sand in place







Ocean Ridge

•Scheduled for next nourishment in November, 2013





- Delray Beach
 - Federal project
 - First nourishment project in Palm Beach County
 - Managed by the City

Delray Beach Nourishment History

1973 Initial Nourishment **1,635,000 CY 2.65 Miles**

1978 First Renourishment 701,000 CY 1.32 Miles

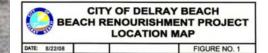
1984 Second Renourishment **1,300,000 CY 2.65 Miles**

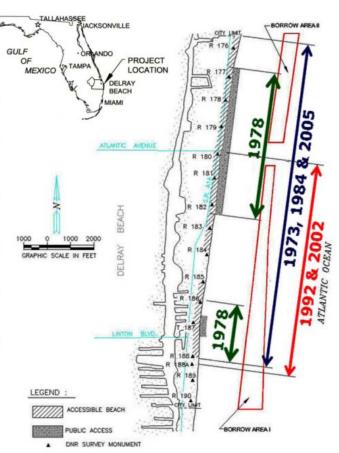
1992 Third Renourishment **1,196,500 CY 1.7 Miles**

2002 Fourth Renourishment 1,230,000 CY 1.7 Miles

2005 Fifth Renourishment 411,600 CY 2.65 Miles

Location of Beach Renourishment Project Limits Relative to Previous Beach Project Limits







Boca Raton

- Managed by the City
- North Boca Raton is a Federal project, others are State/County/City partnerships

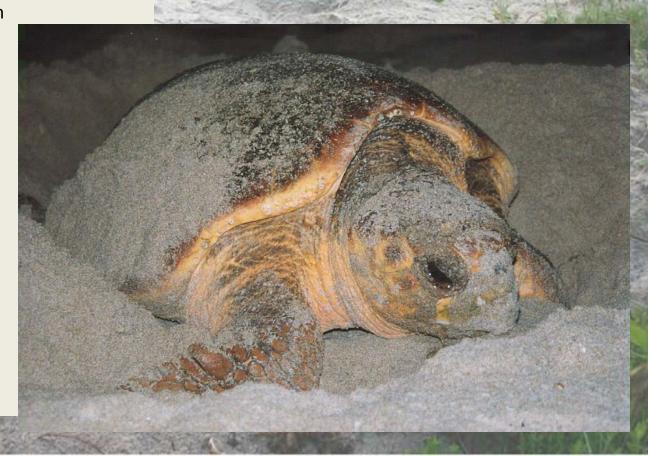




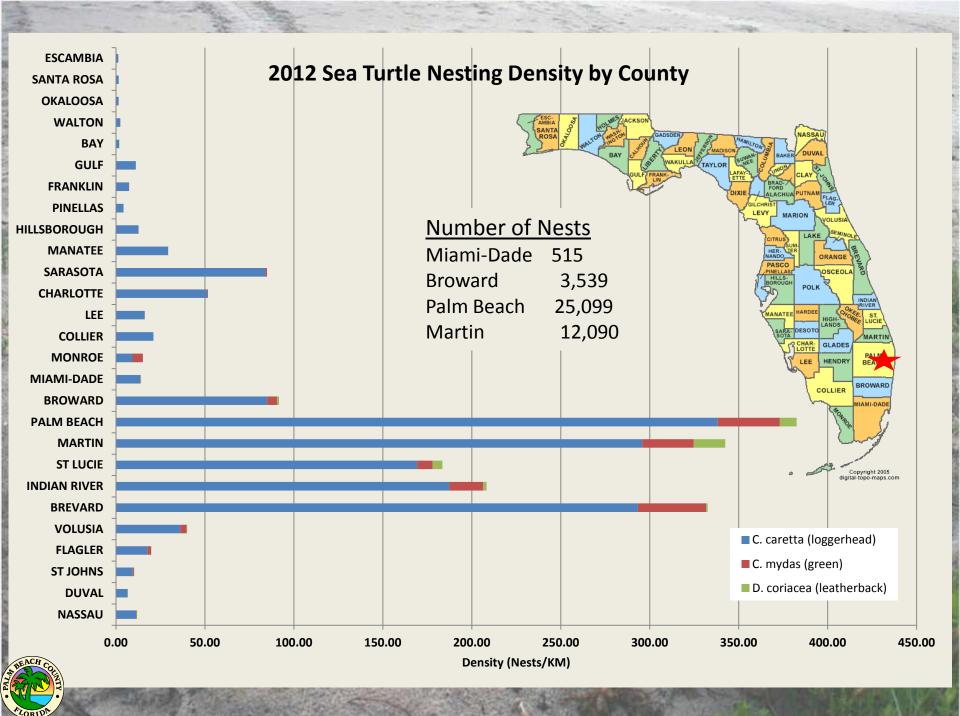
Special Permitting Considerations for Beach Projects in Palm Beach County

SEA TURTLES!!!!!

- Reefs
 - Nearshore Harbottom
 - Offshore Reef
 - Acropora spp.
- Seagrass
 - Halophila johnsonii
- Others
 - Manatees
 - Shorebirds
 - Smalltooth Sawfish
 - Right Whales







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Special Permit Conditions

- Extensive sea turtle monitoring
 - Nesting and reproductive success
- Shorebirds
- Sand compaction testing and tilling
- Scarp monitoring and leveling
- Coastal lighting inspections and corrective action
- Night time sea turtle monitoring beginning March 1
 - NO work between May 1 and October 31
- Nearshore reef monitoring and mitigation
- Turbidity monitoring
 - Resource-based (reefs and sea grass)



Issues of Concern

- Dwindling Sand Resources
 - SAND Study
 - Sand quality questions
- Shrinking Budgets
 - Uncertainty of funding
 - FEMA denials, loss of earmarks, dedicated state funding
- Permitting "Prejudices"
 - Monitoring Data what is it used for?
- Public Perception
 - Beaches are critical infrastructure
 - Not just for "rich people"
- Climate Change, Sea Level Rise



Summary

With 46 miles of beaches to manage, flexibility is crucial for a successful program

- No "One Size Fits All" solution
 - Four inlets
 - Fifteen miles of dune restoration
 - Nine beach renourishment projects
 - Structural alternatives (where appropriate)
- Partnerships with Feds, State, Municipalities
- Preparation is key



