

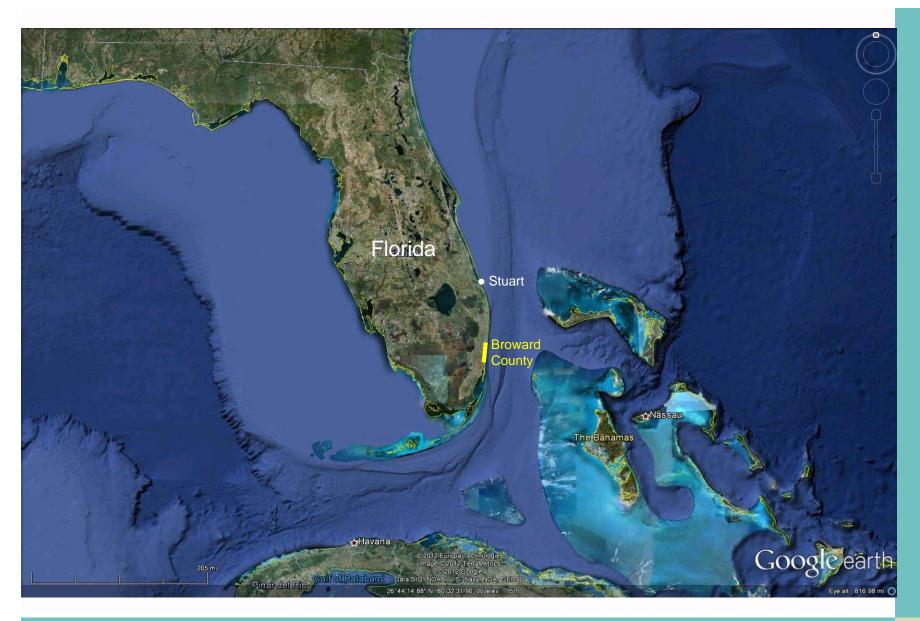
25<sup>th</sup> Annual National Conference on Beach Preservation Technology February 9-11, 2012 Stuart, FL



# THE REALITIES OF FUTURE SAND SOURCES FOR SOUTHEAST FLORIDA BEACHES

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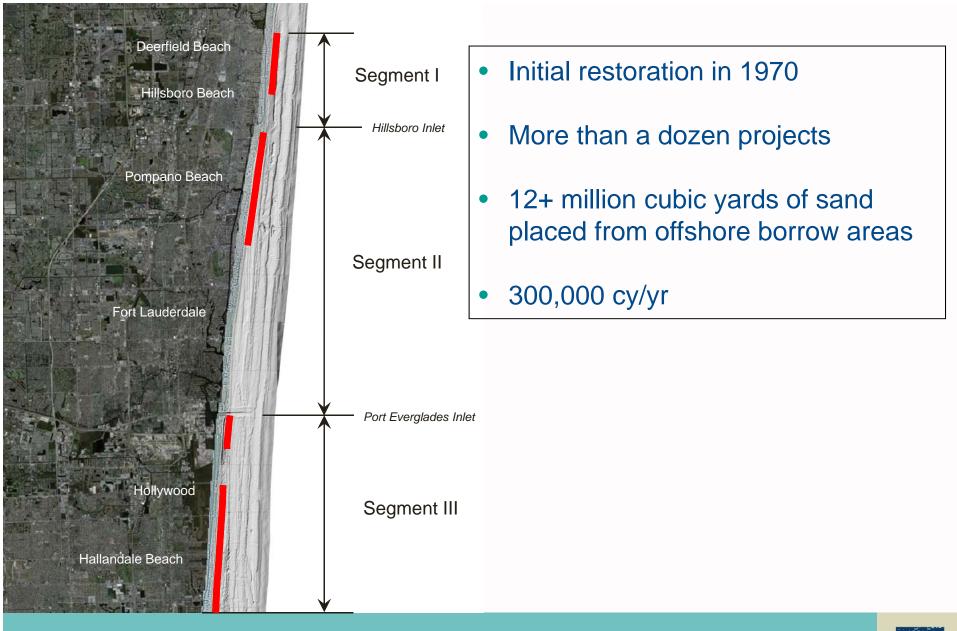
**Broward County, Florida** 



## **Overview**

- Future Sand Requirements
- Remaining, Accessible Offshore Sand Sources
- Possible Alternative Sources and Cost
  - Upland
  - Domestic Offshore (beyond Broward County)
  - Non-Domestic Offshore (Bahamas and beyond)





**Historical Broward County Beach Projects** 



# **Future Sand Requirements**

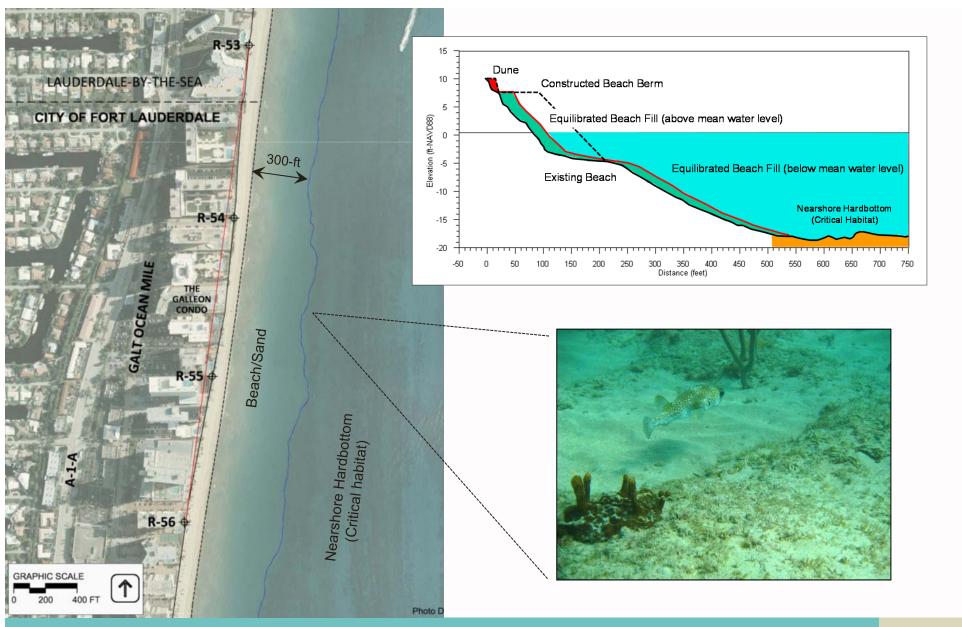
# USACE ... ~25 million cubic yards over the next 50 years

#### Based primarily on...

- Authorized project specifications (pre-1970 shoreline conditions)
- Past sand placement experience (initial restoration and maintenance)

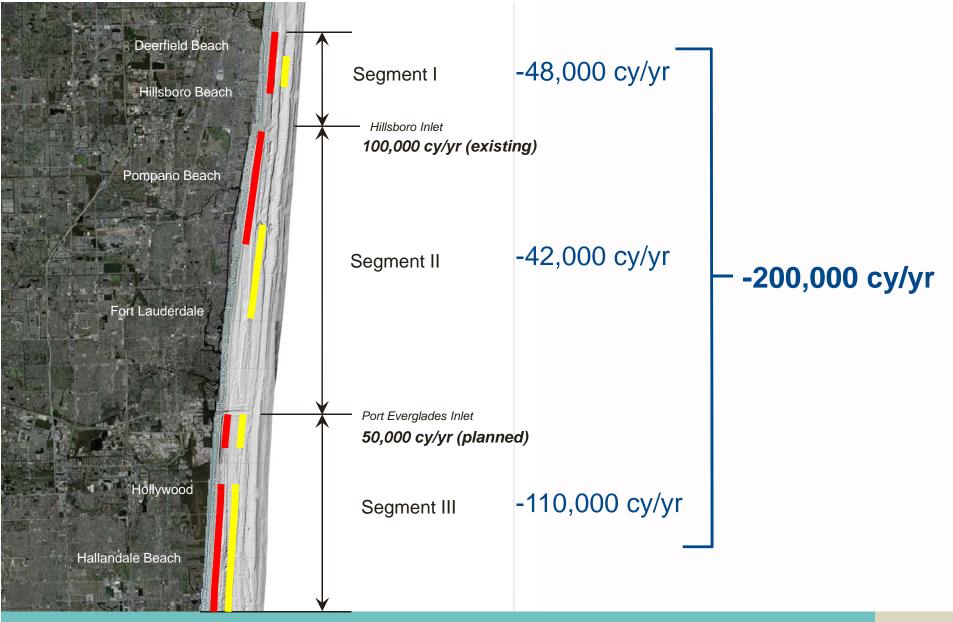
Past Criteria are not Expected to Represent Future Conditions





**Enhanced Protection to Nearshore Hardbottom** 





Observed Annual Sand Demand (1980 – present)



# **Future Sand Requirement**

# Realistic ... ~8-10 million cubic yards over the next 50 years

#### Influenced by...

- Environmental Resource Protection
  - No significant future widening of beaches
  - Maintain established conditions only
- Improved Management at Boca Raton and Hillsboro Inlets
- Sand Bypassing at Port Everglades Inlet



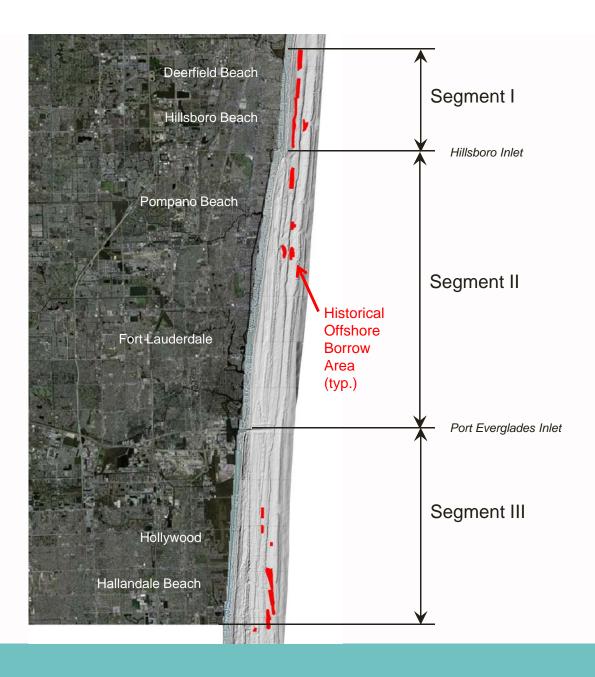
# **Future Sand Availability**

# Remaining accessible sources offshore of Broward County are limited...

#### Due to...

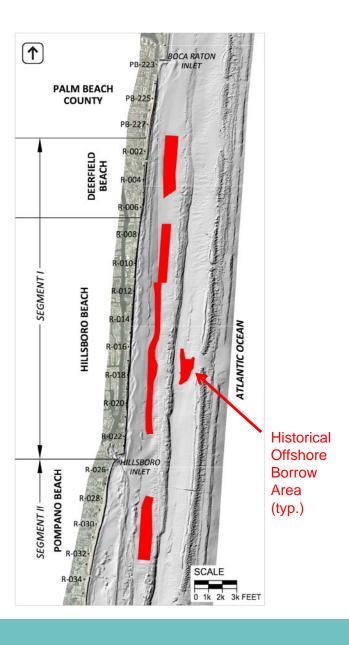
- Past use
- Increased protection to adjacent hardbottom resources





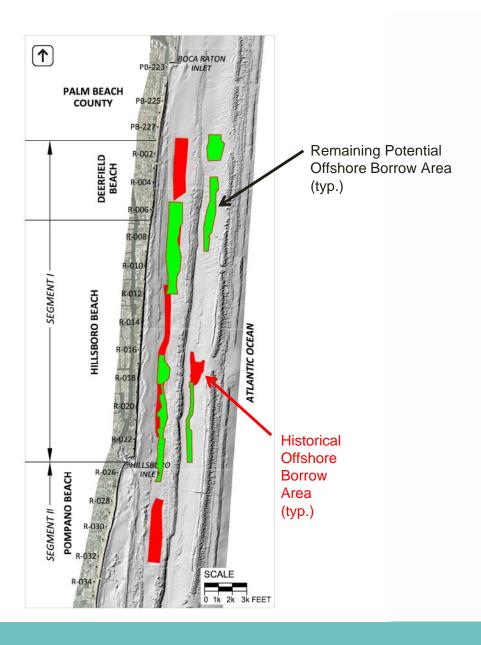






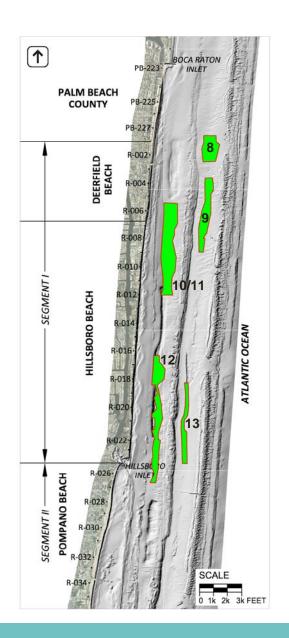
**Historical Offshore Sand Sources – Northern County** 











|                | 400-ft                 | 600-ft                 |  |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
|                | Potentially            | Potentially            |  |
|                | Accessible <b>Sand</b> | Accessible <b>Sand</b> |  |
| Broward County | Volume                 | Volume                 |  |
| Offshore       | (400-ft Buffers)       | (600-ft Buffers)       |  |
| Borrow Area    | (cy)                   | (cy)                   |  |
|                | Most Desirable         |                        |  |
| 10/11          | 829,000                | 622,000                |  |
| 12             | 560,000                | 224,000                |  |
| subtotal       | 1,389,000              | > 5-7 yrs              |  |
|                |                        |                        |  |
| ·              | Less Desirable         |                        |  |
| 8              | 407,000                | 220,000                |  |
| 9              | 395,000                | 178,000                |  |
| 13             | 83,000                 | -                      |  |
| subtotal       | 885,000                | 398,000                |  |
| Total          | 2,274,000              | 1,244,000              |  |

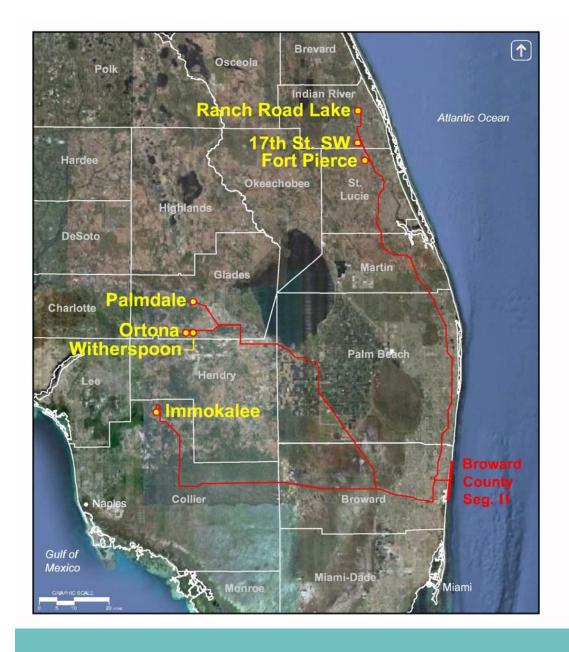




# Future Sand Sources – Options and Cost

- Remaining Offshore (\$24/cy assumed)
- Upland
- Domestic Offshore (OCS) (beyond Broward County)
- Bahamian
- Distant Non-Domestic

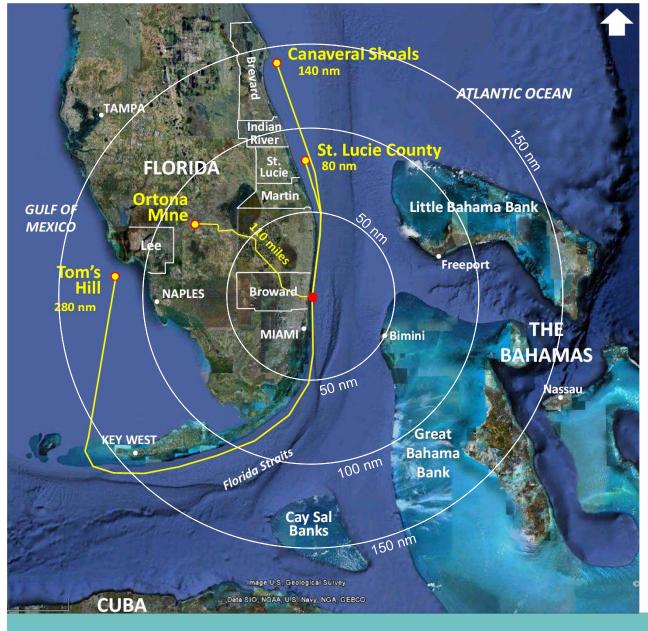




- Numerous sources within 125 miles of Broward County
- Recent experience with these upland sources in Broward County suggests the unit cost for sand would be about \$35-37/cy



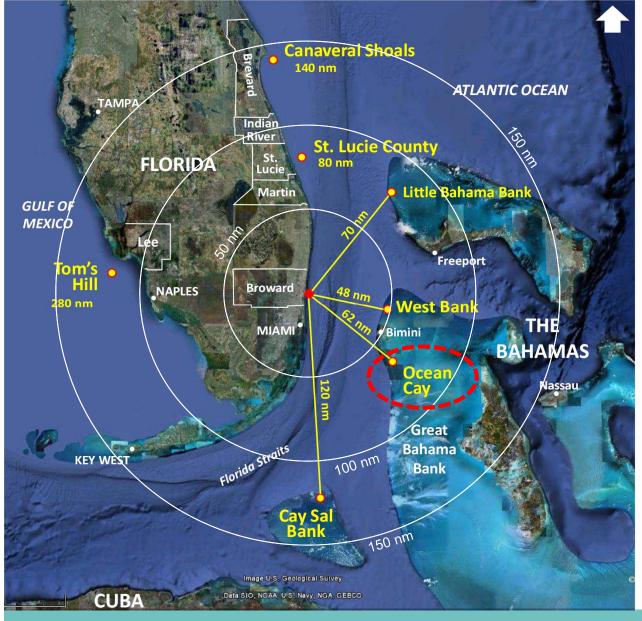




- Several developed sources on the central and southern Florida OCS (Outer Continental Shelf)
- Total volume of sand available on OCS is unknown
- Amount expected to be orders of magnitude higher than anticipated demand

**Domestic Offshore (OCS) Sources** 





#### Presently...

- There are two lease holders with permission to export sand for use and beach nourishment
- Only one of the leases is developed as a commercial source capable of providing large quantities of sand

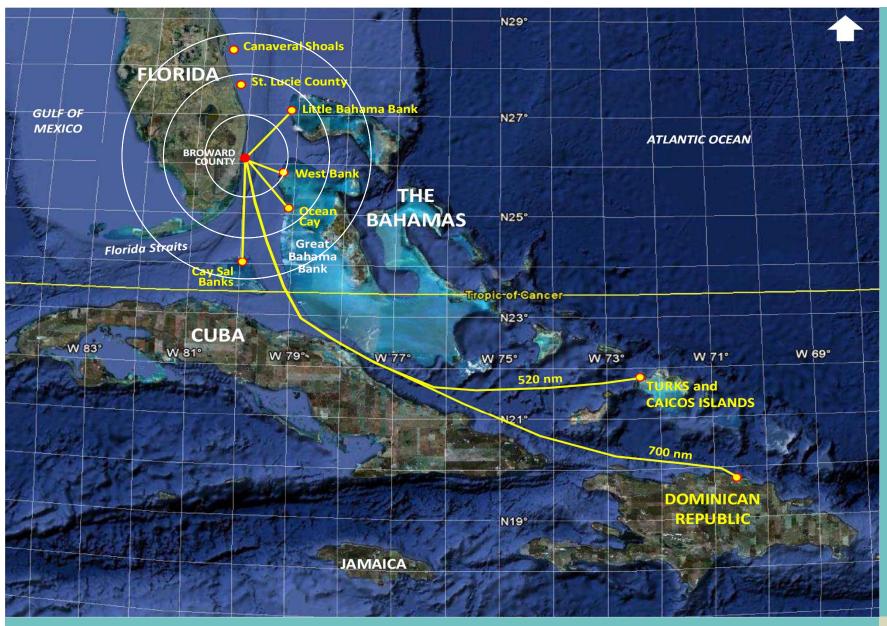
**Bahamian Sources** 





Ocean Cay, Bahamas





**Distant Non-Domestic Sources** 



# **Cost Assessment Parameters**

#### Source Location

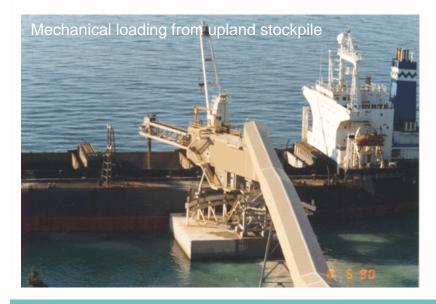
- Sand Loading
  - Self-loading Equipment
  - Assisted loading (mechanical/hydraulic)
- Sand Hauling
  - Hopper Dredge (typical for short distances)
  - Tug and Scow (typical for long distances)
- Sand Delivery and Placement
  - Direct from Offshore
  - Port Everglades Rehandling and Truck-Haul Delivery

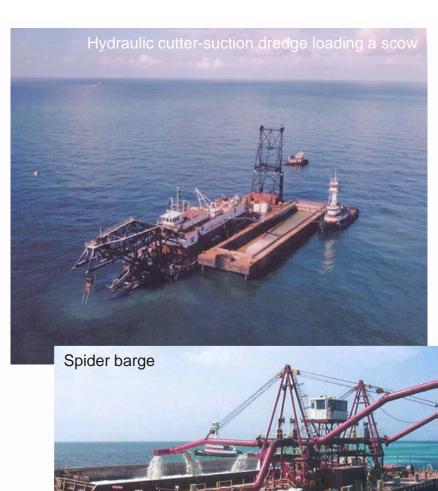


- Remaining Offshore of Broward County (14 nm)
- West Bank, Bahamas (48 nm)
- Ocean Cay, Bahamas (62 nm) Commercial
- East Central Florida (OCS) (80 nm)
- Cay Sal Bank, Bahamas (120 nm)
- East Central Florida (OCS) (140 nm)
- Southwest Florida (OCS) (280 nm)
- Turks and Caicos Islands (520 nm)
- Dominican Republic (700 nm)









### **Sand Loading**





Hopper Dredge





## **Sand Hauling**





Delivery and Placement - Hopper Dredge from Offshore

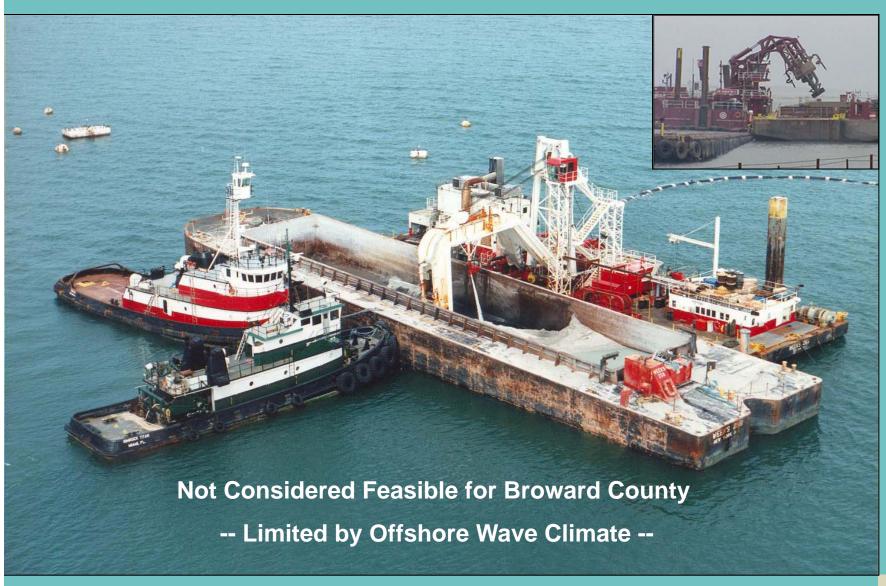






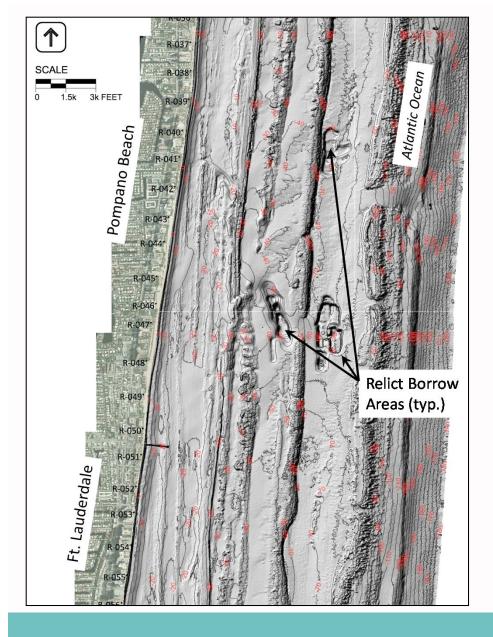
**Delivery and Placement** - Port Everglades to Truck-Haul





**Delivery and Placement** – Hydraulic Unloader Offshore





- The presence of hardbottom resources in and around potential rehandling areas
- Sedimentation and turbidity concerns during disposal of material and transfer from storage area to beach

Not Considered Feasible for Broward County

**Delivery and Placement** – Nearshore Rehandling



# **Project Methods**

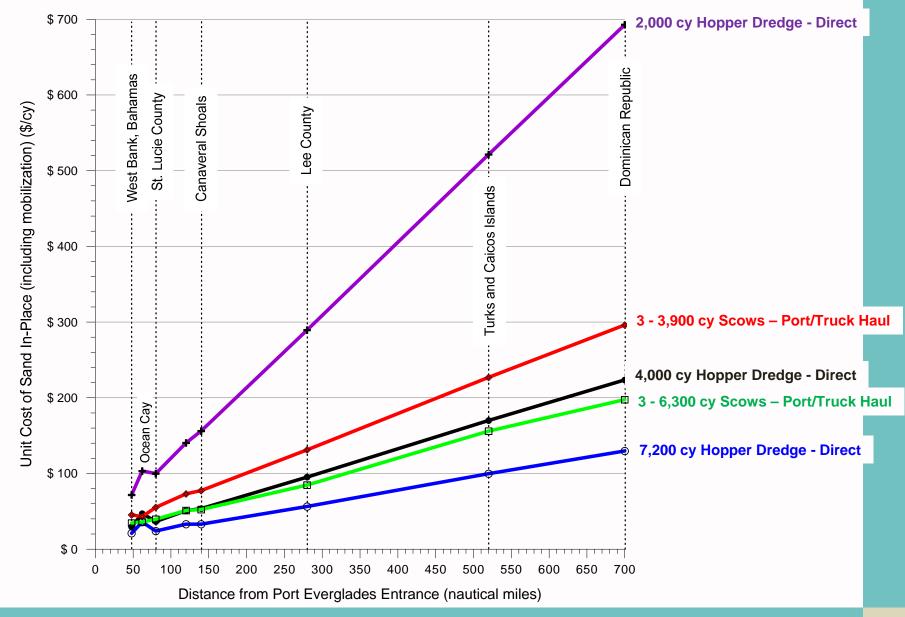
- Trailing-Suction Hopper Dredge (Distant Offshore)
  - Self-load, Self-transport, Direct Self-unload
  - Ocean Cay not included (self-load not an option at this site)
- Trailing-Suction Hopper Dredge (Ocean Cay)
  - Mechanical Load, Self-transport, Direct Self-unload
- Tug and Scow (Distant Offshore)
  - Hydraulic load, Self-transport, Mechanical Unload to Port, Truck-Haul
- Tug and Scow (Ocean Cay)
  - Mechanical load, Self-transport, Mechanical Unload to Port, Truck-Haul



# **Cost Analysis Assumptions**

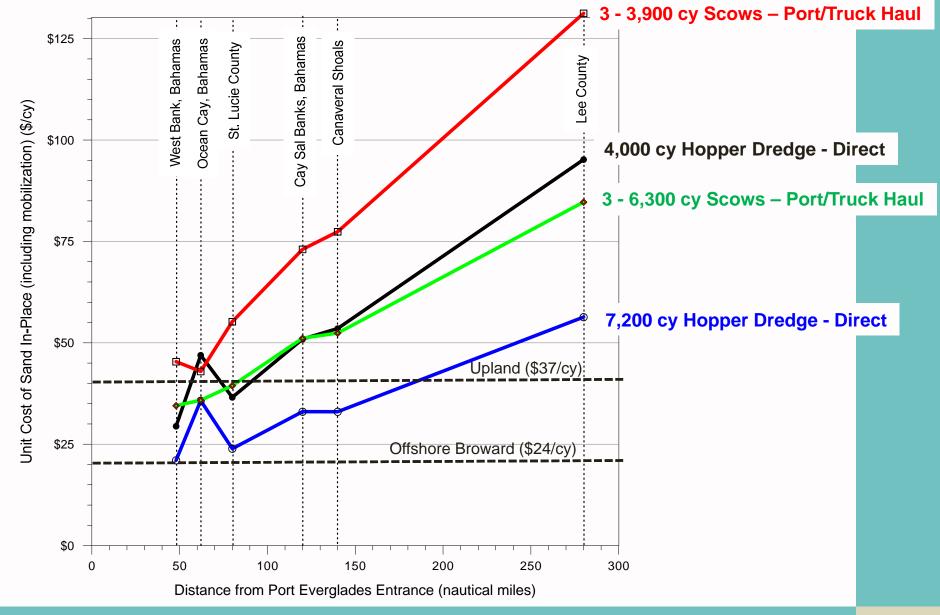
- Hopper Dredges (Self-loading and Unloading)
  - 2,000 cy : 4,000 cy : 7,200 cy
- Tug and Scows (Mechanical/Hydraulic Load and Unload)
  - 3-3,900 cy : 3-6,300 cy
- Consistent Unit Costs for Equipment
  - Emphasis on the effect of haul capacity, haul time (distance), and unloading method to cost
- Cost for Bahamian and other Non-Domestic Sand will include Government Royalty and Lease Holder Expenses





**Effect of Capacity, Distance and Unloading Method to Cost** 









| Sand Source                      | One-way<br>Distance to<br>Sand Source<br>(nm) | Probable Unit Price for Sand In-Place on Beach (with Mob/Demob) (\$/cy) |                              |    |                              |    |                              |                               |   |                |   |                    |  |
|----------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|---|--------------------|--|
|                                  |   |   | Hopper<br>Dredge<br>2,000 cy |    | Hopper<br>Dredge<br>4,000 cy |    | Hopper<br>Dredge<br>7,200 cy | (3-3,<br>Del                  | g and Scows<br>900 cy scows)<br>iver to Upland<br>ockpile in Port<br>Everglades | (3-6,5<br>Deli | g and Scows<br>500 cy scows)<br>iver to Upland<br>ockpile in Port<br>Everglades | (3-6,<br>Dir<br>Be | g and Scows<br>500 cy scows)<br>ect Pipeline to<br>each from Port<br>everglades*** |
| West Bank, Bahamas               | 48  | \$  | 71.69                        | \$ | 29.45                        | \$ | 21.05                        | \$                            | 45.37   | \$             | 34.52   | \$                 | 25.61  |
| Ocean Cay, Bahamas               | 62  | \$  | 103.27                       | \$ | 46.95                        | \$ | 35.75                        | \$                            | 42.95   | \$             | 35.87   | \$                 | 27.15  |
| St. Lucie County                 | 80  | \$  | 99.86                        | \$ | 36.57                        | \$ | 23.91                        | \$                            | 55.22   | \$             | 39.45   | \$                 | 29.56  |
| Cay Sal Bank, Bahamas            | 120   | \$  | 140.41                       | \$ | 50.92                        | \$ | 33.03                        | \$                            | 73.06   | \$             | 51.13   | \$                 | 40.01  |
| Canaveral Shoals, Brevard County | 140   | \$  | 156.11                       | \$ | 53.53                        | \$ | 33.01                        | \$                            | 77.40   | \$             | 52.40   | \$                 | 40.50  |
| Tom's Hill, Lee County           | 280   | \$  | 289.44                       | \$ | 95.19                        | \$ | 56.34                        | \$                            | 131.25  | \$             | 84.71   | \$                 | 68.34  |
| Turks and Caicos Islands (TCI)   | 520   | \$  | 521.36                       | \$ | 169.97                       | \$ | 99.69                        | \$                            | 226.90  | \$             | 155.99  | \$                 | 119.05   |
| Dominican Republic (DR)          | 700   | \$  | 692.79                       | \$ | 223.54                       | \$ | 129.69                       | \$                            | 296.13  | \$             | 197.53  | \$                 | 154.89   |
|                                  |   |   |                              |    |                              |    |                              | *** Northern Segment III Only |   |                |   |                    |  |

**Comparison of Costs for** 

**Sand Sources and Handling Methods** 





**Location of Potentially Feasible Future Sources** 



## Realities...

 Future sand source needs in Broward County are expected to be ~8 to 10 Mcy over the next 50 years

(2.5 to 3 time less than prevailing estimated quantities)

- Remaining sand resources offshore of Broward County may only be between 0.8 and 1.5 Mcy
- Broward County will be faced with using distance sand sources in the near future to maintain their beaches (5-7 yrs)



## Realities...

- Sand sources on the Florida east coast Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) with 140 miles of Broward County may be costeffective future alternatives
- The cost-effectiveness of currently available Bahamian sand (compared to upland truck haul) is limited due to delivery restrictions, government and lease holder expenses, and the reliability of availability
- Project size, equipment type, haul distance, and unloading conditions will influence cost-effectiveness of distant sources



# Considerations...

- Pursue an expanded evaluation of potentially available sand resources on the OCS
- Relate potentially available OCS sources to realistic future expected sand requirements for all SE Florida communities





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